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AGENDA BOARD OF SELECTMEN November 19, 2018 AT 6:30 PM TOWN HALL, PAULSEN MEETING ROOM

- I. CALL TO ORDER
- II. CITIZEN COMMENT
- III. SCHEDULED MEETINGS:
 - a. Tammy Webb Presentation of 2017 Audit Report
 - b. San-Ken Homes Discussion on opening Flagg/Robinson Road
 - c. Chris Arigo Range Road use
 - d. Conservation Commission Public Hearing in accordance with RSA 36-A:4
- IV. OLD BUSINESS:
- V. NEW BUSINESS:
 - a. Appoint Carolyn Cronin to TAC Committee
 - b. CNHRPC Long Range Traffic Planning
 - c. Manifest/Abatements
 - d. Minutes 11/5/18
- VI. TOWN ADMINISTRATOR REPORT
- VII. COMMITTEE REPORTS
- VIII. OTHER/CITIZEN COMMENT
- IX. NON PUBLIC SESSION
- X. ADJOURN

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

and

Independent Auditor's Report

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

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TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits, schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of Town contributions on pages i-viii and 37-42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Manchester, New Hampshire

October 31, 2018

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Presented herewith please find the Management Discussion & Analysis Report for the Town of Pembroke for the year ending December 31, 2017. The responsibility for accuracy of the data, the completeness and fairness of this documentation (including all disclosures) rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the data contained herein is accurate in material aspects. This report and its content have been designed to fairly present the Town's financial position, including the result of operations of all the funds of the Town. All the disclosures necessary to enable and to assist the reader in acquiring an accurate understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

The Town's management is responsible for establishing accounting and internal control structures designed to ensure that the physical, data, informational, intellectual, and human resource assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft and misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting information is maintained and reported in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Management also strives to ensure that these assets are put to good and effective use. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurances that these objectives are attained.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Town of Pembroke using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement 34.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Pembroke's financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to most private-sector companies.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both of the government-wide financial statements have separate sections for two types of activities:

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Governmental activities - represent most of the Town's basic services

Business-type activities – account for the Town's water and sewer operations and receive a majority of their revenue from user fees.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain the control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town maintains three fund types: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, our readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental activities statement of net position and statement of activities.

The Town maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the TIF District Fund, which are considered major funds. Other governmental funds are aggregated as nonmajor funds.

The Town adopts an annual appropriation budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds provide water and sewer services to customers and charge a user fee. They are presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements and accompanying notes are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the Town's major governmental funds and includes a reconciliation between the reported activity of the revenues, expenditures and transfers for budgetary purposes (Schedule 1) and the activity as presented in the governmental fund financial statements (Exhibit D). The Town's only major governmental fund with an adopted budget is the General Fund.

This section also includes a schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits from actuarial valuations, a schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and a schedule of Town contributions to the New Hampshire Retirement System.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Governmental Activities

The table below provides a summary of the Town's net position of its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017 compared with 2016.

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Current and Other Assets:		
Capital assets	\$ 15,221,282	\$ 13,454,025
Other assets	17,524,756	16,946,076
Total Assets	32,746,038	30,400,101
Deferred Outflows of Resources	735,287	997,344
Long-term and Other Liabilities:		
Long-term obligations	7,926,255	5,099,414
Other liabilities	7,559,693	9,897,399
Total Liabilities	15,485,948	14,996,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources	142,270	76,248
Net Position;		
Net investment in capital assets	12,894,748	10,823,531
Restricted	262,423	1,292,272
Unrestricted	4,695,936	4,208,581
Total Net Position	\$ 17,853,107	\$ 16,324,384

The Town's net position totaled \$17,853,107 at December 31, 2017, an increase of \$1,528,723 when compared to the end of 2016.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Approximately 72% of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Another 1% of the Town's net position is restricted in regard to how it may be used. For the Town of Pembroke, those restrictions include those related to permanent funds. The remaining unrestricted portion represents the part of net position of the Town of Pembroke that can be used to finance day-to-day operations.

Changes in net position for governmental activities for the year ending December 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Program revenues:		_	100
Charges for services	\$ 832,993	\$	597,192
Operating grants and contributions	506,667		379,025
Capital grants and contributions	 17,817		167,165
Total program revenues	 1,357,477		1,143,382
General revenues:			
Property and other taxes	4,524,068		4,299,557
Licenses and permits	1,578,436		1,487,527
Intergovernmental revenue	364,542		366,517
Interest and investment earnings	34,136		21,525
Miscellaneous	34,659		32,399
Gain on sale of capital assets	 20,500		
Total general revenues and gain on sale of capital assets	 6,556,341		6,207,525
Total revenues	 7,913,818		7,350,907
Program expenses:			
General government	1,307,693		1,453,354
Public safety	2,816,464		2,415,118
Highways and streets	1,539,863		1,379,119
Sanitation	225,065		207,400
Health and welfare	66,355		66,135
Culture and recreation	315,329		316,311
Interest and fiscal charges	 114,326		47,364
Total expenses	 6,385,095		5,884,801
Change in net position	1,528,723		1,466,106
Net position - beginning of year	 16,324,384	_	14,858,278
Net position - ending of year	\$ 17,853,107	\$	16,324,384

As shown in the above statement the Town experienced an improvement in financial position of \$1,528,723 on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Business-type Activities

The table below provides a summary of the Town's net position of its business-type activities as of December 31, 2017 compared with 2016.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Current and Other Assets:		
Capital assets	\$ 5,280,647	\$ 4,944,092
Other assets	2,239,248	1,949,636
Total Assets	7,519,895	6,893,728
Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,591	59,001
Long-term and Other Liabilities:		
Long-term obligations	1,300,999	958,595
Other liabilities	117,147	109,126
Total Liabilities	1,418,146	1,067,721
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,159	4,511
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	3,989,005	4,118,997
Unrestricted	2,129,176	1,761,500
Total Net Position	\$ 6,118,181	\$ 5,880,497

The largest portion of the Town's net position for its business-type activities reflects its investment in capital assets, primarily utility plant in service and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. These assets are not available for future spending.

Changes in net position for the business-type activities for the year ending December 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	<u> 2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,910,273	\$ 2,035,259
Total program revenues	1,910,273	2,035,259
General revenues:		
Interest and investment earnings	601	439
Gain on sale of capital assets	17,102	
Total general revenues and gain on sale of capital assets	17,703	439
Total revenues	1,927,976	2,035,698
Program expenses:		
Water distribution and treatment	715,111	739,347
Sanitation	975,181	1,087,898
Total expenses	1,690,292	1,827,245
Change in net position	237,684	208,453
Net position - beginning of year	5,880,497	5,672,044
Net position - ending of year	\$ 6,118,181	\$ 5,880,497

The main funding source for business-type activities is the charges for services. Net position increased by \$237,684 in 2016 due to revenues exceeding expenses in the water and sewer funds.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had a total fund balance of \$7,063,704. The fund balance components at year end are detailed on page 34 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The General Fund balance increased by \$869,124 from December 31, 2016.

TIF District Fund

The TIF District Fund accounts for the financial transactions related to improvements to the Soucook River Tax Increment Financing District. Total proceeds from the issuance of tax increment financing bonds and the bond premium of \$3,500,000 were used to pay off the bond anticipation notes borrowed in the prior year. The restricted fund balance as of December 31, 2017 is \$2,048,646.

Other Governmental Funds

The total fund balance of \$1,065,906 in the other governmental funds is designated for the purposes of the individually established fund. The largest portion of this total represents the balance in the Ambulance Fund (\$664,472 or 62.3%) and the Conservation Commission Fund (\$247,738 or 23.2%). Fund balance of the other governmental funds decreased by \$3,405 from December 31, 2016.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of the Town's proprietary funds is on total economic resources, and changes to net position, much as it might be for a private-sector business.

The Town's proprietary funds had unrestricted net position of \$2,129,176 at December 31, 2017, which is an increase of \$367,676 (or 20.87%) from December 31, 2016. The net investment in capital assets decreased by \$129,992 (or 3.16%) from December 31, 2016.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

Capital Assets and Long-Term Obligations

Capital Assets

The Town considers a capital asset to be an asset whose costs exceeds \$10,000 and has a useful life of greater than one year. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the course of their useful life.

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017 amounts to \$15,221,282 and \$5,280,647, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes infrastructure, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment. See Note 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for a summary of all capital assets.

Long-Term Obligations

During 2017, the Town had a reduction in general obligation bonds in governmental activities of \$395,732 from payments made during the year and amortization of the bond premium. In addition, the bond anticipation note of \$3,500,000 was paid off from the proceeds of tax increment financing bonds and a bond premium.

The balance of the notes payable in the business-type activities decreased by \$79,422 during 2017 from payments made during the year. Other long-term obligations of \$778,465 at year end represents funds drawn down from a State Revolving Loan program to finance the replacement of the Bow Lane pumping station. Subsequent to year end, the remaining funds were drawn down and a debt repayment schedule was finalized.

The Town also reports a net pension liability. This unfunded liability as of December 31, 2017 is \$3,939,762.

See Notes 8, 9, 10 and 11 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for a summary of all outstanding long-term obligations.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Budgetary information for the General Fund (a major governmental fund) is included in the Required Supplementary Information section.

During the year, the original estimated revenues increased by \$102,528, which represents grants accepted in accordance with the provisions of RSA 31:95b of \$141,063 less estimated revenue of \$38,535 carried forward to 2018. Also, the original budgeted appropriations decreased by \$97,418. This decrease is the net result of the unanticipated income of \$141,063 accepted under RSA 31:95b less approved appropriations of \$238,481 carried forward to 2018.

Actual revenues and transfers in on the budgetary basis exceeded the budgeted amount by \$474,404. This is primarily due to receiving additional revenues of \$275,703 from licenses and permits and \$113,065 from charges for services.

Year Ending December 31, 2017

The Town underexpended its budget by \$451,731 or 6.6% of the total appropriations. Significant savings were within general government (\$166,755), public safety (\$91,189) and highways and streets (\$114,761).

Economic Conditions

The Town of Pembroke is a small bedroom community which abuts the communities of Concord, Allenstown, Epsom and Chichester. A large number of residents still exist from the days of the woven and textile mills, while most others commute to the City for employment. Pembroke is also the home of Associated Grocers of New England, which is the largest taxpayer employing well over 300 people from all of the surrounding areas. In 2017, the Town after a successful vote of the residents, finalized upgrading the infrastructure in their Tax Increment Financing District with the hope to increase its tax base by attracting more commercial business to help maintain and stabilize the tax rate.

Each year the Town updates and reviews its Capital Improvement program. By updating and monitoring future capital expenditures, the Town has been able to stabilize the tax rate and at the same time complete some large scale road projects. Throughout the year, the Town is always looking at ways to streamline operations to be more efficient with an eye towards savings.

Contacting the Town of Pembroke's Financial Management

This financial report is to provide our citizens and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show a measure of accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need to get additional information, contact the Board of Selectmen at, 311 Pembroke Street, Pembroke, NH 03275, telephone number 603-485-4747.

EXHIBIT A TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	I	rimary Governmen	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,453,965	\$ 742,173	\$ 18,196,138
Investments	77,826	30,223	108,049
Taxes receivable, net	782,609		782,609
Accounts receivable, net	139,787	506,197	645,984
Due from other governments	6,000		6,000
Prepaid expenses	261		261
Inventory		24,963	24,963
Internal balance	(935,692)	935,692	
Total Current Assets	17,524,756	2,239,248	19,764,004
Noncurrent Assets:			
Non-depreciable capital assets	6,302,305	865,493	7,167,798
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,918,977	4,415,154	13,334,131
Total Noncurrent Assets	15,221,282	5,280,647	20,501,929
Total Assets	32,746,038	7,519,895	40,265,933
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources attributable to net pension liability	735,287	19,591	<u>754,878</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	735,287	19,591	754,878
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	572,815	14,286	587,101
Retainage payable	4,000	12,673	16,673
Accrued expenses	268,679	7,638	276,317
Due to other governments	6,134,663		6,134,663
Deposits payable	1,536		1,536
Current portion of bonds payable	370,000		370,000
Current portion of tax increment financing bonds payable	201,000		201,000
Current portion of notes payable		82,550	82,550
Current portion of estimated liability for landfill			= 000
post-closure care costs	7,000	115 145	7,000
Total Current Liabilities	7,559,693	117,147	7,676,840
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Bonds payable	505,180		505,180
Tax increment financing bonds payable	3,299,000		3,299,000
Notes payable		417,954	417,954
Other long-term obligations		778,465	778,465
Compensated absences payable	40,227		40,227
Other post-employment benefits obligation Estimated liability for landfill post-closure	76,352	2,314	78,666
care costs			
	168 000		168 000
Net pension liability	168,000 3,837,496	102,266	168,000 3,939,762
Net pension liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,837,496	102,266 1,300,999	3,939,762
Net pension liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities		102,266 1,300,999 1,418,146	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,837,496 7,926,255	1,300,999	3,939,762 9,227,254
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948	1,300,999	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes collected in advance	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948 23,720	1,300,999 1,418,146	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094 23,720
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948	1,300,999	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes collected in advance Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948 23,720 118,550	1,300,999 1,418,146 3,159	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094 23,720 121,709
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes collected in advance Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948 23,720 118,550	1,300,999 1,418,146 3,159	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094 23,720 121,709
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes collected in advance Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948 23,720 118,550 142,270	1,300,999 1,418,146 3,159 3,159	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094 23,720 121,709 145,429
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes collected in advance Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets	3,837,496 7,926,255 15,485,948 23,720 118,550 142,270	1,300,999 1,418,146 3,159 3,159	3,939,762 9,227,254 16,904,094 23,720 121,709 145,429 16,883,753

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE EXHIBIT B

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

and	Total	\$ (1,276,622) (2,018,733) (1,231,308) (54,866) (64,630) (267,133) (114,326)	(5,027,618)	119,377 100,604 219,981 (4,807,637)	4,524,068 1,578,436	364,542 34,737 34,659	37,602 6,574,044 1,766,407 22,204,881 \$ 23,971,288
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Business-type <u>Activities</u>		·	119,377 100,604 219,981 219,981		601	17,102 17,703 237,684 5,880,497 \$ 6,118,181
Net (Governmental <u>Activities</u>	\$ (1,276,622) (2,018,733) (1,231,308) (54,866) (64,630) (267,133)	(5,027,618)	(5,027,618)	4,524,068 1,578,436	364,542 34,136 34,659	20,500 6,556,341 1,528,723 16,324,384 \$ 17,853,107
	Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 17,817	17,817	\$ 17,817			assets
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 196,205 306,462 4,000	206,667	\$ 506,667		TI.	n on sale of capita
H	Charges for Services	\$ 31,071 583,709 2,093 166,199 1,725 48,196	832,993	834,488 1,075,785 1,910,273 \$ 2,743,266	s: her taxes ermits rributions:	Rooms and meals tax distribution Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous	on sale of capital assets Total general revenues and gain on sale of capital assets Change in net position position - beginning position - ending
<u>.</u>	səsuədx <u>a</u>	\$ 1,307,693 2,816,464 1,539,863 225,065 66,355 315,329	6,385,095	715,111 975,181 1,690,292 \$ 8,075,387	General revenues: Property and other taxes Licenses and permits Grants and contributions:	Rooms and n Interest and inv	Gain on sale of capital assets Total general revenues an Change in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Highways and streets Sanitation Health and welfare Culture and recreation Interest and fiscal charges	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities: Water Department Sewer Department Total business-type activities Total primary government			

EXHIBIT C
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2017

				TIF		Nonmajor	_	Total
		General		District	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
ASSETS		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		Funds		<u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,915,844	\$	2,503,406	\$	34,715	\$	17,453,965
Investments	Ψ	11,510,011	Ψ	2,505,100	Ψ	77,826	Ψ	77,826
Taxes receivable, net		778,809				3,800		782,609
Accounts receivable, net		6,245				133,542		139,787
Due from other governments		•,				6,000		6,000
Due from other funds				44,092		849,925		894,017
Prepaid expenses		261		•				261
Total Assets		15,701,159		2,547,498		1,105,808		19,354,465
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_			datawaya and a same and			_	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_			*		-	_	<u></u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	15,701,159	\$	2,547,498	<u>\$</u>	1,105,808	\$	19,354,465
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	66,254	\$	494,852	\$	11,709	\$	572,815
Retainage payable	•	,	•	4,000	-	2-4,2	•	4,000
Accrued expenses		155,440		•		28,193		183,633
Due to other governments		6,134,663				•		6,134,663
Deposits payable		1,536						1,536
Due to other funds		1,829,709	_			<u>.</u>		1,829,709
Total Liabilities		8,187,602		498,852		39,902	~	8,726,356
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Uncollected property taxes		426,133						426,133
Property taxes collected in advance		23,720	*****	······································	ستتم			23,720
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		449,853	_	*		-		449,853
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		261				44,201		44,462
Restricted		164,233		2,048,646		53,989		2,266,868
Committed		1,987,895				943,749		2,931,644
Assigned		268,047				23,967		292,014
Unassigned	_	4,643,268		2 040 646		1.065.006		4,643,268
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,063,704	*****	2,048,646	-	1,065,906		10,178,256
·	e.	15 701 150	ø	2 547 400	ø	1 105 000	r	10 254 465
and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	15,701,159	\$	2,547,498	\$	1,105,808	\$	19,354,465

EXHIBIT C-1

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)	\$	10,178,256
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		15,221,282
Property taxes are recognized on an accrual basis in the statement of net position, not the modified accrual basis		426,133
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that do not require or provide the use of current financial resources are not reported within the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources attributable to net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability		735,287 (118,550)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year		
end consist of:		(875,180)
Bonds payable		(3,500,000)
Tax increment financing bonds payable Accrued interest on long-term obligations		(85,046)
Compensated absences payable		(40,227)
Other post-employment benefits obligation		(76,352)
Estimated liability for landfill post-closure care costs		(175,000)
Net pension liability	_	(3,837,496)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit A)	\$	3 17,853,107

EXHIBIT D
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenues:	General <u>Fund</u>	TIF District <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$ 4,124,656	\$ 379,387	\$ 13,500	\$ 4.517.543
Licenses and permits	1,578,436	Φ 3/3,36/	\$ 13,300	\$ 4,517,543 1,578,436
Intergovernmental	696,427		192,599	889,026
Charges for services	257,367		552,836	810,203
Interest and investment income	27,563	3,406	3,167	34,136
Miscellaneous	35,159	3,400	22,790	54,136 57,949
Total Revenues	6,719,608	382,793	784,892	7,887,293
Total Rovolidas	0,719,000		784,692	1,001,293
Expenditures:				
Current operations:				
General government	1,211,088			1,211,088
Public safety	1,778,340		928,949	2,707,289
Highways and streets	1,096,692		220,243	1,096,692
Sanitation	232,065			232,065
Health and welfare	62,986		3,500	66,486
Culture and recreation	266,884		44,875	311,759
Capital outlay	580,017	1,593,423	1,275	2,174,715
Debt service:	500,017	1,000,420	1,473	2,174,713
Principal retirement	380,000	3,500,000		3,880,000
Interest and fiscal charges	52,110	29,050		81,160
Total Expenditures	5,660,182	5,122,473	978,599	11,761,254
10141 Dipolitical			710,377	11,701,234
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	1,059,426	(4,739,680)	(193,707)	(3,873,961)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				(5,075,701)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from bond issuance		3,001,000		3,001,000
Bond premium		499,000		499,000
Transfers in	36,330	1,7,000	226,632	262,962
Transfers out	(226,632)		(36,330)	(262,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(190,302)	3,500,000	190,302	3,500,000
(ubto)			150,502	
Net change in fund balances	869,124	(1,239,680)	(3,405)	(373,961)
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,194,580	3,288,326	1,069,311	10,552,217
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 7,063,704	\$ 2,048,646	\$ 1,065,906	\$ 10,178,256

EXHIBIT D-1

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017	
Net Change in Fund BalancesTotal Governmental Funds	\$ (373,961)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	1,747,257
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the gain of disposed capital assets reduced by the actual proceeds received from the disposal.	20,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenue sources are from property taxes.	6,525
Repayment of principal on long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayments in the current year are as follows: Bond principal paid Bond anticipation note principal paid	380,000 3,500,000
Proceeds from bond issuances are an other financing source in the funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(3,001,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of bond issuance premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities over the life of the related debt. The current year activity is as follows: Proceeds of bond issuance premium Amortization of bond issuance premium	(499,000) 15,732
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(48,898)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, pension expense reflects the changes in the net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and does not require the use of current financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense exceeded pension contributions in the current period.	(223,242)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses are from the following activites:	(2.015)
Compensated absences Other post-employment benefits	(3,815) 2,125
Estimated liability for landfill post-closure care costs	7,000
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	\$ 1,528,723

EXHIBIT E
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities		
	Water	Sewer	
A CCTITO	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,628	\$ 687,545	\$ 742,173
Investments	30,223	\$ 687,545	\$ 742,173 30,223
Accounts receivable, net	188,203	317,994	506,197
Due from other funds	422,114	513,578	935,692
Inventory	24,963	515,576	24,963
Total Current Assets	720,131	1,519,117	2,239,248
Noncurrent Assets:			
Non-depreciable capital assets	31,935	833,558	865,493
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,202,458	1,212,696	4,415,154
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,234,393	2,046,254	5,280,647
Total Assets	3,954,524	3,565,371	7,519,895
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources attributable to net pension liability		19,591	19,591
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	19,591	19,591
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	4,466	9,820	14,286
Retainage payable		12,673	12,673
Accrued expenses	1,206	6,432	7,638
Current portion of note payable	82,550		82,550
Total Current Liabilities	88,222	28,925	117,147
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Note payable	417,954		417,954
Other long-term obligations		778,465	778,465
Other post-employment benefits obligation		2,314	2,314
Net pension liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	415.054	102,266	102,266
Total Liabilities Total Liabilities	417,954	883,045	1,300,999
Total Liabilities	506,176	911,970	1,418,146
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources attributable to net pension liability		3,159	3,159
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	3,159	3,159
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,733,889	1,255,116	3,989,005
Unrestricted	714,459	1,414,717	2,129,176
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 3,448,348</u>	\$ 2,669,833	\$ 6,118,181

EXHIBIT F
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities			
	Water	Sewer		
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services, net	\$ 832,031	\$ 1,072,920	\$ 1,904,951	
Miscellaneous revenues	2,457	2,865	5,322	
Total operating revenues	834,488	1,075,785	1,910,273	
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	289,060	39,366	328,426	
Contractual services	41,666	667,156	708,822	
Materials and supplies	88,087	2,812	90,899	
Maintenance and repairs	8,350	91,069	99,419	
Utilities	74,550	18,525	93,075	
Depreciation	155,567	130,485	286,052	
Miscellaneous expenses	37,497	19,859	57,356	
Total operating expenses	694,777	969,272	1,664,049	
Operating income	139,711	106,513	246,224	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	17,102	(5,909)	11,193	
Interest revenue	230	371	601	
Interest expense	(20,334)		(20,334)	
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(3,002)	(5,538)	(8,540)	
Change in net position	136,709	100,975	237,684	
Total net position at beginning of year	3,311,639	2,568,858	5,880,497	
Total net position at end of year	<u>\$ 3,448,348</u>	\$ 2,669,833	\$ 6,118,181	

EXHIBIT G
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities		
	Water	Sewer	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 844,556	\$ 1,077,026	\$ 1,921,582
Cash paid to suppliers	(319,277)	(834,673)	(1,153,950)
Cash paid to employees	(220,818)	(87,725)	(308,543)
Net cash provided by operating activities	304,461	154,628	459,089
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	23,000	10,380	33,380
Purchases of capital assets	(195,084)	(452,272)	(647,356)
Proceeds of other long-term obligations	, , ,	554,963	554,963
Principal paid on long-term debt	(79,422)		(79,422)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(20,334)		(20,334)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities	(271,840)	113,071	(158,769)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of investments	(196)		(196)
Interest on investments	230	371	601
Net cash provided by investing activities	34	371	405
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	32,655	268,070	300,725
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	444,087	933,053	1,377,140
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 476,742	\$ 1,201,123	\$ 1,677,865
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$ 139,711	\$ 106,513	\$ 246,224
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	,		•
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	155,567	130,485	286,052
Change in deferred outflows related to pension	•	39,410	39,410
Change in deferred inflows related to pension		(1,352)	(1,352)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			` ,
Accounts receivable	10,068	1,241	11,309
Accounts payable	(422)	8,393	7,971
Accrued expenses	(463)	ŕ	(463)
Other post-employment benefits obligation	. ,	(489)	(489)
Net pension liability		(129,573)	(129,573)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 304,461	\$ 154,628	\$ 459,089
Non-cash transactions affecting financial position:			
Capital asset additions included in year end liabilities		\$ 12,673	\$ 12,673
Capitalized interest during construction		6,432	6,432
L with any may will any many maniful	\$ -	·	
	Ψ -	<u>\$ 19,105</u>	<u>\$ 19,105</u>

EXHIBIT H TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,051,343
Investments	988,126
Total Assets	\$ 2,039,469
LIABILITIES	
Deposits	\$ 35,769
Due to other governments	2,003,700
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,039,469

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America for local governmental units, except as indicated hereinafter. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire (the "Town") was incorporated in 1759. The Town operates under the Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of government and performs local governmental functions authorized by State law.

The financial statements include those of the various departments governed by the Board of Selectmen and other officials with financial responsibility. The Town has no other separate organizational units, which meet criteria for inclusion in the financial statements as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the Town at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

During the year, the Town segregates transactions related to certain Town functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Town at this more detailed level. The

focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The Town uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Town employs the use of three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Town and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The TIF District Fund accounts for the financial transactions related to improvements to the Soucook River Tax Increment Financing District.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The Town has no internal service funds. The following are the Town's major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer Funds account for all revenues and expenses pertaining to the Town's water and wastewater operations. The Water and Sewer Funds are utilized to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The stated intent is that the cost (i.e. expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the residents on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category has one classification: agency funds. The Town's agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Town's agency funds account for the capital reserve and other funds of the Pembroke School District, which are held by the Town's Trustees of Trust Funds in accordance with State law. The Town also accounts for certain performance deposits in its agency funds.

Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the Town are included on the Statement of Net Position.

2. Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Town finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

1. Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the Town, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 12). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been

satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the Town must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Town on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes, charges for services and interest on investments.

Licenses and permits and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as advances from grantors. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

2. Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

The Town's budget represents functional appropriations as authorized by annual or special Town meetings. The Selectmen may transfer funds between operating categories as they deem necessary. The Town adopts its budget under State regulations, which differ somewhat from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in that the focus is on the entire governmental unit rather than on the basis of fund types.

State law requires balanced budgets but permits the use of beginning fund balance to reduce the property tax rate. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town applied \$450,000 of its unassigned fund balance to reduce taxes.

Investments

Investments are stated at their fair value in all funds. Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements with a maturity of greater than ninety days from the date of issuance are included in investments.

Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for

consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

All capital assets including infrastructure and intangible assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition values as of the date received. The Town maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The Town's infrastructure consists of roads, water purification and distribution system, sewer collection and treatment system, and similar items. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is also capitalized.

The Town is not required to retroactively report its general infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges and sidewalks) or its intangible assets (e.g. easements). Infrastructure records have been maintained effective January 1, 2004 and are included in these financial statements.

All reported capital assets except for land, easements with an indefinite life, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the Town's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Years</u>
Intangible assets	10
Infrastructure	40
Buildings and improvements	40
Vehicles and equipment	5-30

Compensated Absences

Full time employees accrue sick leave days at a rate of four hours for each calendar month of service. Regular part time employees accrue sick leave at a pro-rated rate based on the number of hours of employment. Both full and part time employees may accrue sick leave cumulative to a maximum of 96 hours. Upon reaching the maximum accumulation of 96 hours, the employee shall be paid for 48 hours of the accumulated sick leave and shall have 48 hours of accumulated sick leave remaining. Upon voluntary termination or retirement, an employee will be compensated for a maximum of 40 unused sick leave hours at the current rate of pay. No payment for unused sick leave is made upon involuntary termination. Town employees earn vacation at 80-200 hours per year dependent on length of service. Vacation can only be accrued up to 80 hours. A provision has been made in the financial statements for accrued/unused vacation.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee death or retirement. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Bond Premium

Bond premiums are amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the related bond using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported in the accompanying financial statements gross of any applicable unamortized bond premium.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. General obligation bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS) and additions to/deductions from NHRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NHRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances on any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted components of net position.

The Town's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance Policy

Under GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Town has segregated fund balance into five classifications: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. The components of fund balance are defined as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid expenses) or are required to be maintained intact (such as principal of an endowment fund).
- <u>Restricted Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes, such as grant, library, income balance of permanent funds, and capital project funds that cannot change purpose. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only upon the consent of the external resource provider or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to a formal vote at Town Meetings; such as expendable trust funds, non-lapsing appropriations, and other special revenue funds not listed under restricted and can change purpose via a vote at Town Meeting.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts intended by the Board for specific purposes. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any remaining positive amounts are to be classified as "assigned." Items that fall under this classification for the General Fund would be encumbrances properly approved by contract, purchase order, or other such actions as required.
- <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Amounts that are not obligated or specifically designated and is available for any purpose. The residual classification of any General Fund balance is to be reported here. Any deficit balance of another fund is also classified as unassigned.

Spending Prioritization

In instances where expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Minimum Level of Unassigned Fund Balance

The Board will strive to maintain an unassigned fund balance in its General Fund equal to the guidelines established by the NH Government Finance Officers Association (NHGFOA) which are as follows:

• Retention of 8% to 17% of regular General Fund operating revenues or no less than 2 months of General Fund operating expenditures. This is calculated by adding the municipality's General Fund operating appropriations, the state education tax amount, the local school net tax commitment, and the county appropriation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the water fund and sewer fund, these revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses, which include depreciation on capital assets, are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the proprietary fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments as of December 31, 2017 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,196,138
Investments	108,049
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,051,343
Investments	988,126
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 20,343,656</u>

Deposits and investments as of December 31, 2017 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	1,198
Deposits with financial institutions		19,276,506
Investments		1,065,952
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$</u>	20,343,656

The Town limits its investments to United States Treasury securities maturing in less than one year, fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposits in either local or national banks and overnight repurchase agreements in accordance with New Hampshire State law (RSA 41:29) or the New Hampshire Public

Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP), an external investment pool. Responsibility for the investments of the Trust Funds is with the Board of Trustees.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The Town's policy for its governmental and proprietary funds addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities and diversifying the investment portfolio. The Trustees of Trust Funds' investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments on the un-expendable portion of trust funds in high grade equity investments, common stock, and mutual funds. The following is the actual rating at year end for each investment type:

Investment Type	Not rated
Open end mutual funds	\$ 77,456
Closed end mutual funds	8,721
Money market mutual funds	66,108
	\$ 152,285

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

The Town's policy for its governmental and proprietary funds addresses custodial credit risk by stating that all deposits are to be fully collateralized. The investment policy of the Trustees of Trust Funds specifies that short term funds and capital reserve funds are to be invested in money market or regular savings accounts when collateralization is not an issue.

Of the Town's deposits at year end, \$17,873,540 was collateralized by securities held by the bank in the bank's name, and \$30,835 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

As of December 31, 2017, Town investments in the following investment types were held by the same counterparty that was used to buy the securities:

	1	Reported
Investment Type	:	<u>Amount</u>
Equity securities	\$	913,667
Closed end mutual funds		8,721
	\$	922,388

Fair Value

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

			Fair Value Measurements Using:			
<u>Description</u>	December		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)		Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:	ф	012 667	\$	913,667	-	•
Equity securities Closed end mutual funds	\$	913,667 8,721	-	8,721		
	\$	922,388	<u>\$</u>	922,388	\$	<u> </u>

NOTE 3—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Water Fund	Sewer <u>Fund</u>	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,628	\$ 687,545	\$ 742,173
	422,114	513,578	935,692
	\$ 476,742	\$ 1,201,123	\$ 1,677,865

NOTE 4—TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes levied during the current year and prior and uncollected at December 31, 2017 are recorded as receivables net of reserves for estimated uncollectibles of \$87,000.

NOTE 5—ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are recorded net of reserves for estimated uncollectibles of \$416,848 in the ambulance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$36,516 in the sewer fund.

NOTE 6—CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets in the Town's governmental activities:

	Balance	4 1 1*/*	70 I di	Balance
	<u>01/01/17</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>12/31/17</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,602,925			\$ 2,602,925
Easements	608,579			608,579
Construction in progress	2,920,560	\$ 1,667,992	\$ (1,497,751)	3,090,801
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,132,064	1,667,992	<u>(1,497,751</u>)	6,302,305
Other capital assets:				
Intangible assets	60,960			60,960
Infrastructure	4,843,835	1,360,820		6,204,655
Buildings and improvements	3,884,886			3,884,886
Vehicles and equipment	6,113,358	719,348	(153,055)	6,679,651
Total other capital assets at historical cost	14,903,039	2,080,168	(153,055)	16,830,152
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Intangible assets	(24,384)	(6,096)		(30,480)
Infrastructure	(838,196)	(155,116)		(993,312)
Buildings and improvements	(2,925,760)	(46,030)		(2,971,790)
Vehicles and equipment	(3,792,738)	(275,910)	153,055	(3,915,593)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,581,078)	(483,152)	153,055	(7,911,175)
Total other capital assets, net	7,321,961	1,597,016		8,918,977
Total capital assets, net	\$ 13,454,025	\$ 3,265,008	<u>\$ (1,497,751</u>)	\$ 15,221,282

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 44,407
Public safety	131,016
Highways and streets	306,514
Culture and recreation	 1,215
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 483,152

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets in the Town's business-type activities:

	Balance 01/01/17	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/17
Business-type activities:	01/01/17	Additions	Keducions	12/1/11/
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 72,831			\$ 72,831
Construction in progress	342,952	\$ 449,710		792,662
Total capital assets not being depreciated	415,783	449,710	<u>\$ - </u>	865,493
Other capital assets:				
Intangible assets	41,900			41,900
Building and improvements	272,333			272,333
Water infrastructure	2,907,639	87,235	(129,406)	2,865,468
Sewer infrastructure	3,417,224			3,417,224
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	3,323,459	107,849	(191,237)	3,240,071
Other	29,865			29,865
Total other capital assets at historical cost	9,992,420	195,084	(320,643)	9,866,861

	Balance <u>01/01/17</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/17
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Intangible assets	(14,180)	(4,190)		(18,370)
Building and improvements	(220,217)	(5,790)		(226,007)
Water infrastructure	(1,061,281)	(65,334)	123,508	(1,003,107)
Sewer infrastructure	(2,183,947)	(113,908)		(2,297,855)
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment	(1,954,621)	(96,830)	174,948	(1,876,503)
Other	(29,865)			(29,865)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,464,111)	(286,052)	298,456	(5,451,707)
Total other capital assets, net	4,528,309	(90,968)	(22,187)	4,415,154
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,944,092	\$ 358,742	\$ (22,187)	\$ 5,280,647

Depreciation expense was charged to the proprietary funds as follows:

Water Fund	\$	155,567
Sewer Fund		130,485
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	286,052

NOTE 7—INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Town combined the cash resources of its governmental fund types. For accounting and reporting purposes, that portion of the pooled cash balance is reported in the specific fund as an interfund balance. The Expendable Trust Funds (reported within the General Fund) consist of temporarily investing funds applicable to other funds within the Town. Interfund balances at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

		 ue fron: Vonmajor	
	General <u>Fund</u>	vernmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund TIF District Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Water Fund Sewer Fund	\$ 44,092 849,925 422,114 513,578	\$ 1,829,709	\$ 1,829,709 44,092 849,925 422,114 513,578
	\$ 1,829,709	\$ 1,829,709	\$ 3,659,418

During the year, several interfund transactions occurred between funds. The transfer out of the General Fund was made in accordance with budgetary authorizations. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Road Improvements Capital Projects Fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) was closed and the unexpended balance of \$36,330 was transferred to the General Fund. Transfers during the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

		Transfer from	
		Nonmajor	
	General	Governmental	
9	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
☑ General Fund		\$ 36,330	\$ 36,330
☆ Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 226,632		226,632
Troising of Governmentar Funds	\$ 226,632	\$ 36,330	\$ 262,962

NOTE 8—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Balance <u>01/01/17</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/17	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 1,250,000		\$ (380,000)	\$ 870,000	\$ 370,000
Unamortized bond premium	20,912		(15,732)	5,180	*
Total bonds payable	1,270,912	\$	(395,732)	875,180	370,000
Tax increment financing bonds payable		3,001,000		3,001,000	201,000
Unamortized bond premium		499,000		499,000	**************************************
Total tax increment financing bonds payable	_	3,500,000		3,500,000	201,000
Bond anticipation notes payable	3,500,000		(3,500,000)		
Compensated absences payable	36,412	7,732	(3,917)	40,227	
Total governmental activities	\$ 4,807,324	\$ 3,507,732	\$ (3,899,649)	\$ 4,415,407	\$ 571,000
Business-type activities:					
Notes payable	\$ 579,926		\$ (79,422)	\$ 500,504	\$ 82,550
Other long-term obligations	223,502	<u>\$ 554,963</u>		778,465	***************************************
Total business-type activities	\$ 803,428	\$ 554,963	\$ (79,422)	<u>\$ 1,278,969</u>	\$ 82,550

Payments on the general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes of the governmental activities are paid out of the General Fund and the TIF District Fund, respectively. Payments on the notes payable of the business-type activities are paid out of the Water Fund. Compensated absences payable will be paid from the fund where the employee's salary is paid.

Governmental Activities

Bonds payable

Bonds payable at December 31, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

\$2,560,000, 2003 Safety complex and refunding, due in annual installments of \$100,000 through July 2023; interest at 3.25-4.6%	\$ 600	,000
\$832,000, 2014 Roadway Improvement bonds, due in varying annual installments of \$270,000 - \$282,000 through February 2018;		
interest at 5.10%	270	,000
	870	,000
Add: Unamortized bond premium	5	,180
-	\$ 875	,180

Debt service requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding for governmental activities at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31,	<u>Princi</u>	pal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 370	,000 \$	33,835	\$ 403,835
2019	100	,000	22,600	122,600
2020	100	,000	18,150	118,150
2021	100	,000	13,650	113,650
2022	100	,000	9,150	109,150
2023	100	,000	4,600	104,600
Total	870	,000	101,985	971,985
Add: Bond Premium	5	,180		 5,180
	\$ 875	,180 \$	101,985	\$ 977,165

Tax increment financing bonds payable

The Town has pledged a portion of future tax increment financing revenues to repay \$3,001,000 in tax increment bonds issued in July 2017 to finance the construction of Loop Road. The bonds are payable solely from the tax increment financing taxes. Incremental taxes were projected to produce in excess of 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total tax increment finance revenues were \$29,050 and \$379,387, respectively.

Tax increment financing bonds payable at December 31, 2017 is comprised of the following individual issue:

\$3,001,000, 2017 Tax increment financing bonds, due in an annual installment of \$201,000 in August 2018 and annual installments of	A	2 001 000
\$200,000 thereafter until August 2032; interest at 4.10-5.10%	\$	3,001,000
Add: Unamortized bond premium	_	499,000
	\$_	3,500,000

Debt service requirements to retire tax increment financing bonds outstanding for governmental activities at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2018	\$ 201,000	\$ 157,944	\$ 358,944
2019	200,000	134,800	334,800
2020	200,000	124,600	324,600
2021	200,000	114,400	314,400
2022	200,000	104,200	304,200
2023-2027	1,000,000	368,000	1,368,000
2028-2032	1,000,000	125,000	1,125,000
Total	3,001,000	1,128,944	4,129,944
Add: Bond Premium	499,000		499,000
	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 1,128,944	\$ 4,628,944

Business-type Activities

Notes payable

The notes payable at December 31, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

\$450,000, 2011 Water line construction note, due in monthly installments of \$4,556, including interest at 4.00%, through April 2021	\$ 170,625
\$250,000, 2015 Water line construction note, due in monthly installments of \$2,449, including interest at 3.30%, through May 2025	193,143
\$216,000, 2009 Water Works promissory note, due in monthly installments of \$1,308, including interest at 4.00%, through February 28, 2019, and a balloon payment for the principal balance	
and accrued interest on March 31, 2019	\$ 136,736 500,504

Debt service requirements to retire the notes payable for business-type activities at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31	Ē	rincipal	Ţ	nterest	Totals
2018	\$	82,550	\$	17,206	\$ 99,756
2019		201,218		10,411	211,629
2020		77,777		6,281	84,058
2021		44,078		3,736	47,814
2022		26,657		2,728	29,385
2023-2025		68,224		2,822	 71,046
	\$	500,504	\$	43,184	\$ 543,688

Other Long-Term Obligations

The Town has drawn \$778,465 of approximately \$800,000 in funds under the State of New Hampshire Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund Program for the Bow Lane Pump Station Upgrade and Asset Management Plan. The Town shall be provided financial assistance, contingent upon the availability of funds, whereby up to 5% of the total disbursements for wastewater related portions, not to exceed \$40,000, will be forgiven upon the initial repayment of the loan. An additional \$30,000 in principal forgiveness, contingent upon the availability of funds, will be applied to the loan upon the initial repayment if the Town has in place an asset management plan for the wastewater system that meets the State's guidelines.

Payments are not scheduled to commence until the first day of the month following the first anniversary of the substantial completion date of the project or the first anniversary of the scheduled completion date of the project, whichever is earlier. The scheduled completion date is August 2, 2018. Interest is accrued at 1% during the construction period of the project and is to be paid upon completion of the construction project within the following year.

Authorized and Unissued Debt

As of December 31, 2017, the Town had the following debt authorized and unissued:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Loop Road construction	\$ 999,000
Roadway improvement and reconstruction	904,000
Bow Lane pumping station	800,000
Water line improvements	50,000
water file improvements	\$ 2,753,000

NOTE 9-LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Town place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. The Town's landfill was closed during 2012. An estimated liability has been recorded based on the future post-closure care costs that will be incurred. The estimated liability for landfill post-closure care costs has a balance of \$175,000 as of December 31, 2017. The estimated total current cost of the post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2017. However, the actual cost of post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The following is a summary of changes in the estimated liability for post-closure care cost for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Balance - January 1, 2017	\$ 182,000
Change in estimated liability	(5,321)
Expenditures recognized in General Fund	(1,679)
Balance - December 31, 2017	\$ 175,000

NOTE 10—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Town contributes to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The New Hampshire Retirement System is a public employee retirement system that administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan provides service, disability, death and vested retirement allowances to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature.

The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NHRS. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301, or from their website at www.nhrs.org.

Substantially all full-time state and local employees, public school teachers, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan.

The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II. All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members.

Benefits Provided

Group I members at age 60 or 65 (for members who commence service after July 1, 2011) qualify for a normal service retirement allowance based on years of creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when their service commenced. The yearly pension amount is 1/60 or 1.667% of average final compensation (AFC), multiplied by years of creditable service. At age 65, the yearly pension amount is recalculated at 1/66 or 1.515% of AFC multiplied by years of creditable service.

Group II members vested by January 1, 2012, who are age 60, or members who are at least age 45 with at least 20 years of creditable service, can receive a retirement allowance at a rate of 2.5% of AFC for each year of creditable service, not to exceed 40 years. Members commencing service on or after July 1, 2011 or members who have not attained status as of January 1, 2012 can receive a retirement allowance at age 52.5 with 25 years of service or age 60. The benefit shall be equal to 2% of AFC times creditable service up to 42.5 years. However, a member who commenced service on or after July 1, 2011 shall not receive a retirement allowance until attaining the age of 52.5, but may receive a reduced allowance after age 50 if the member has at least 25 years of creditable service where the allowance shall be reduced, for each month by which the benefit commencement date precedes the month after which the member attains 52.5 years of age by ¼ of 1%. For Group II members who commenced service prior to July 1, 2011, who have not attained vested status prior to January 1, 2012, benefits are calculated depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of		Minimum	Benefit
<u>January 1, 2012</u>	Minimum Age	<u>Service</u>	<u> Multiplier</u>
At least 3 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Members may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Funding Policy

Covered police officers and firefighters are required to contribute 11.55% and 11.80%, respectively of their covered salary, whereas general employees are required to contribute 7.0% of their covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The Town's pension contribution rates for the covered payroll of police officers, firefighters, and general employees were 22.54%, 25.32%, and 10.86%, respectively through June 30, 2017, and 25.33%, 27.79%, and 11.08%, respectively thereafter. The Town contributed 100% of the employer cost for public safety and general employees of the Town.

Per RSA-100:16, plan member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the New Hampshire State legislature and employer contribution rates are determined by the NHRS Board of Trustees based on an actuarial valuation. The Town's pension contributions to the NHRS were \$316,952 for the year ending December 31, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the Town reported a liability of \$3,939,762 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation from June 30, 2016. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual contributions by the Town during the relevant fiscal year relative to the actual contributions of all participating plan members, excluding contributions to separately finance specific liabilities of individual employers or NHRS. At June 30, 2017, the Town's proportion was approximately 0.0801 percent, which was an increase of 0.0021 percentage points from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town recognized pension expense of \$480,755. At December 31, 2017, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,933	\$	50,142
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				50,175
Changes of assumptions		395,602		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and share of contributions		179,701		21,392
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		170,642		
Totals	\$	754,878	\$	121,709

The net amount of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension is reflected as an increase to unrestricted net position in the amount of \$633,169. The Town reported \$170,642 as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the measurement period ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in the measurement periods as follows:

\$	135,362
	223,509
	150,835
	(47,179)
<u>\$</u>	462,527
	\$

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by a roll forward of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Salary increases	5.6 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality tables for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015, based on the last experience study. Retirement rates were based on a table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated in 2015 pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of weighted average long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
		Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Net of inflation assumption of 3.25%)
Fixed income	25%	(0.25)-2.11%
Domestic equity	30%	4.25-4.50%
International equity	20%	4.75-6.25%
Real estate	10%	3.25%
Private equity	5%	6.25%
Private debt	5%	4.75%
Opportunistic	5%	2.84%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the single discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Town's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 5,190,412	\$ 3,939,742	\$ 2,914,867

NOTE 11—OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides implicit post-employment medical benefits to its eligible retirees and their spouses. General employees hired prior to July 1, 2011 must reach age 50 with 10 years of service, obtain 20 years of service and 70 points (the sum of age plus years of service) or reach age 60 with no service requirement to qualify for this benefit. General employees hired after July 1, 2011 must reach age 65 with no service requirement or reach age 60 with 30 years of service to qualify for this benefit. Public safety employees hired prior to July 1, 2011 are required to reach age 45 with 20 years of service or reach age 60 with no service requirement to qualify for this benefit. Public safety employees hired after July 1, 2011 are required to reach age 50 with 25 years of service, reach age 52.5 with 25 years of service, or reach age 60 with no service requirement to qualify for this benefit. Retirees pay the full cost of the health care coverage. This valuation does not account for the cost of benefits to retirees or their spouses after age 65. Surviving beneficiaries continue to receive medical coverage after the death of the eligible retired employee as long as they pay the required premiums. This valuation does not account for the cost of benefits to survivors. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by RSA 100-A:50. As of January 1, 2016, the actuarial valuation date, participants of the postretirement plan that meet eligibility requirements are comprised of 4 retirees and 34 active employees with 11 currently eligible to retire. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Annual OPEB Costs

The Town's fiscal 2017 annual OPEB expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined using the alternative measurement method in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid, on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize the unfunded actuarial liability over a period of thirty years. The Town's annual OPEB cost for the year ending December 31, 2017 including the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the change in the Town's net OPEB obligation based on an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 67,532
Interest on net OPEB obligation	3,251
NOO amortization adjustment to ARC	 (3,230)
Annual OPEB cost	67,553
Contributions made	 (70,167)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	(2,614)
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 81,280
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 78,666

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

		Percentage of	
Year	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/2017	\$ 67,553	103.8%	\$ 78,666
12/31/2016	\$ 67,553	95.3%	\$ 81,280
12/31/2015	\$ 64,573	107.3%	\$ 78,100

The Town's net OPEB obligation as of December 31, 2017 is recognized as a liability in these financial statements.

Funded Status and Funding Progress for OPEB

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2016, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation is as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 868,754
Actuarial value of plan assets	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 868,754
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	 0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,040,660
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	42.6%

The alternative measurement valuation involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. The total cost of providing post-employment benefits is projected, taking into account assumptions about current claim cost, turnover, mortality, health care trends, and other actuarial assumptions. Internally generated key assumptions, based on recent trends within the Town, include general considerations, expected point at which benefits begin, and marital dependency status. Mortality assumptions were derived from the RPH-2015 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2015. The assumption on health care trends was provided by an independent company that assisted the Town in the preparation of the alternative measurement method for GASB 45. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits, when available.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions for OPEB

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the Town and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Town and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit cost method with linear proration to decrement was used. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Town has not advance funded its obligation. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0% initially, and then reduced by 0.5% decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0% after 9 years. The amortization costs for the initial Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is a level percentage of payroll for a period of thirty years on an open group basis. This has been calculated assuming the amortization payment increases at a rate of 3.0% per year.

NOTE 12—PROPERTY TAXES

Taxes are levied on the assessed valuation of all taxable real property as of the prior April 1 (\$660,599,483 as of April 1, 2017) and are due in two installments on July 5, 2017 and December 27, 2017. Taxes paid after the due dates accrue interest at 12% per annum. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when received in cash or if available to finance current period operations (within sixty days of year end).

Under State law, the Tax Collector obtains tax liens on properties which have unpaid taxes in the following calendar year after taxes were due for the amount of unpaid taxes, interest and costs. These priority tax liens accrue interest at 18% per annum. If the property is not redeemed within a two year redemption period, the property may be tax deeded to the Town.

In accordance with State law, the Town collects taxes for the Pembroke School District and Merrimack County, both independent governmental units, which are remitted to them as required by law. The Town also collects State of New Hampshire education taxes, which are remitted directly to the school district. Total taxes appropriated during the year were \$13,131,372 and \$1,891,367 for the Pembroke School District and Merrimack County, respectively. These taxes are not recognized as revenues in these financial statements. At December 31, 2017, the balance of the property tax appropriation due to the Pembroke School District is \$6,131,372. The Town bears responsibility for uncollected taxes.

NOTE 13—RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Net position is restricted for specific purposes as follows:

	Governmental		
		<u>Activities</u>	
Permanent Funds - Principal	\$	44,201	
Permanent Funds - Income		38,307	
Tax Increment Financing District		2,048,646	
State of NH SB 38 - Highway Block Grant funding		141,063	
K-9 Donations		14,935	
Christmas Donations Fund		242	
Police Grants Fund		7,849	
Grants Fund	7,591		
Library Fund		8,235	
·		2,311,069	
Less unexpended bond proceeds		(2,048,646)	
•	\$	262,423	

NOTE 14—COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

The Town's fund balance components are comprised as follows:

Fund Balances	General <u>Fund</u>						TIF District <u>Fund</u>	Gov	onmajor ernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable:				\$	44,201	\$	44,201				
Permanent Funds - Principal	\$	261		Ф	44,201	Ψ	261				
Prepaid expenses	Ф	201					201				
Restricted for:					38,307		38,307				
Permanent Funds - Income					70,707		30,307				
State of NH SB 38 - Highway Block		141.060					141,063				
Grant funding		141,063					14,935				
K-9 Donations		14,935	0.000.00				2,048,646				
Tax Increment Financing District			\$ 2,048,646		242		2,046,040				
Christmas Donations Fund					242						
Police Grants Fund					7,849		7,849				
Grants Fund					7,591		7,591				
Library operations		8,235					8,235				
Committed for:							01.500				
Police Details Fund					31,539		31,539				
Conservation Commission					247,738		247,738				
Ambulance Fund					664,472		664,472				
Expendable Trust Funds	1	,652,895					1,652,895				
Encumbrances		335,000					335,000				
Assigned for:											
Recreation Fund					23,872		23,872				
Town Clock Fund					95		95				
Carryforward appropriations		58,883					58,883				
Encumbrances		209,164					209,164				
Unassigned:		•									
Unassigned - General operations	4	,643,268					4,643,268				
OTTOO Private Abrilliana		,063,704	\$ 2,048,646	\$	1,065,906	\$	10,178,256				

NOTE 15—RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Town was a member of and participated in a public entity risk pool (Trust) for property and liability insurance and worker's compensation coverage. Coverage has not been significantly reduced from the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Trust agreements permit the Trust to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in Trust assets to meet its liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require members of pools with a sharing of risk to determine whether or not such assessment is probable and, if so, a reasonable estimate of such assessment. At this time, the Trust foresees no likelihood of an additional assessment for any of the past years. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Based on the best available information there is no liability at December 31, 2017.

Property and Liability Insurance

The Trust provides certain property and liability insurance coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. As a member of the Trust, the Town shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefit from a self-insured pooled risk management program. The program includes a Self-Insured Retention Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered property, crime and/or liability loss that exceeds \$1,000, up to an aggregate of \$5,000,000. Each property loss is subject to a \$1,000 deductible. All losses over the aggregate are covered by insurance policies.

Worker's Compensation

The Trust provides statutory worker's compensation coverage to member towns, cities, and other qualified political subdivisions of New Hampshire. The Trust is self-sustaining through annual member premiums and provides coverage for the statutorily required workers' compensation benefits and employer's liability coverage up to \$2,000,000. The program includes a Loss Fund from which is paid up to \$500,000 for each and every covered claim.

NOTE 16—CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Town's management estimates that any potential claims against the Town, which are not covered by insurance, are immaterial and would not affect the financial position of the Town.

NOTE 17—SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Tax Increment Financing District

Per the March 2018 annual Town meeting, the Soucook River tax increment financing district was authorized to be discontinued. The annual debt service payments on the \$3,001,000 tax increment bonds issued during July 2017 will become a general obligation of the Town and paid by the General Fund from annual appropriations.

Bond Authorization and Issuance

Per Article #3 from the March 2018 annual Town meeting, \$1,200,000 was authorized to be issued in general obligational debt for purposes of roadway improvements. During May 2018, the Town issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$900,000. These bonds have an interest rate of 2.45% and mature May 2021.

Other Long-Term Obligations

During April 2018, the Town has drawn down an additional \$20,557 on its existing Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund Program. The total amount drawn down through April 2018 is \$799,022.

Notes Payable

Subsequent to year end, the Town converted its outstanding long-term obligation of \$799,022 from the Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund Program into long-term debt. The Town will receive a principal forgiveness subsidy of \$69,951 in June 2018. The balance of \$729,071 is to be repaid in annual installments through June 2027 at 2.0%.

NOTE 18-IMPLEMENTATION OF FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which the Town is required to implement in the year ending December 31, 2018. Management believes that this pronouncement will have a potentially significant impact on the Town's government-wide financial statements. The Town will have to report its proportional share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's unfunded OPEB liability in the financial statements for the calendar year beginning after June 15, 2017. Additionally, Statement No. 75 modifies the allowable methods, recognition and measurement criteria related to how the Town accounts for and reports its single employer OPEB plan, currently disclosed in Note 11.

SCHEDULE 1
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
			Actual	Favorable
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Amounts	(Unfayorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 4,073,485	\$ 4,073,485	\$ 4,131,181	\$ 57,696
Licenses and permits	1,302,733	1,302,733	1,578,436	275,703
Intergovernmental	574,839	691,402	696,427	5,025
Charges for services	144,302	144,302	257,367	113,065
Interest and investment income	15,000	15,000	27,407	12,407
Miscellaneous	24,001	24,001	32,159	8,158
Total Revenues	6,134,360	6,250,923	6,722,977	472,054
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,391,924	1,391,924	1,225,169	166,755
Public safety	1,858,552	1,858,552	1,767,363	91,189
Highways and streets	1,224,973	1,224,973	1,110,212	114,761
Sanitation	269,300	269,300	232,065	37,235
Health and welfare	111,388	111,388	62,986	48,402
Culture and recreation	41,202	41,202	35,880	5,322
Economic development	355	355	-	355
Capital outlay	728,649	631,231	643,520	(12,289)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	380,000	380,000	380,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	52,111	52,111	52,110	1
Total Expenditures	6,058,454	5,961,036	5,509,305	451,731
Excess of revenues over expenditures	75,906	289,887	1,213,672	923,785
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	395,176	381,141	383,491	2,350
Transfers out	(921,082)	(921,082)	(921,082)	**
Total other financing sources (uses)	(525,906)	(539,941)	(537,591)	2,350
Net change in fund balance	(450,000)	(250,054)	676,081	926,135
Fund balance at beginning of year				
- Budgetary Basis	4,608,462	4,608,462	4,608,462	
Fund balance at end of year - Budgetary Basis	\$ 4,158,462	\$ 4,358,408	\$ 5,284,543	\$ 926,135

SCHEDULE 2 TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Va	tuarial llue of .ssets	Liabi Proj	Actuarial Accrued lity (AAL) - lected Unit <u>Credit</u>	_	Infunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2016	\$	-	\$	868,754	\$	868,754	0%	\$ 2,040,660	42.6%
1/1/2013	\$	-	\$	860,755	\$	860,755	0%	\$ 1,384,167	62.2%
1/1/2010	\$	-	\$	833,515	\$	833,515	0%	\$ 1,205,567	69.1%

SCHEDULE 3
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Measurement <u>Period Ended</u>	Town's Proportion of the Net Pension <u>Liability</u>	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Town's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
June 30, 2017	0.08010873%	\$ 3,939,742	\$ 2,006,861	196.31%	62.66%
June 30, 2016	0.07805092%	\$ 4,150,432	\$ 1,928,151	215.25%	58.30%
June 30, 2015	0.07890077%	\$ 3,125,675	\$ 1,883,624	165.94%	65.47%
June 30, 2014	0.07492695%	\$ 2,812,447	\$. 1,737,816	161.84%	66.32%
June 30, 2013	0.07225856%	\$ 3,109,853	\$ 1,626,500	191.20%	59.81%

SCHEDULE 4 TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Schedule of Town Contributions

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Year Ended	R	Contractually Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Relation to the Contractually Required		ribution iciency kcess)	Town's Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
December 31, 2017	\$	316,952	\$	(316,952)	\$	•	\$ 2,029,574	15.62%		
December 31, 2016	\$	288,064	\$	(288,064)	\$	_	\$ 1,987,834	14.49%		
December 31, 2015	\$	274,113	\$	(274,113)	\$	_	\$ 1,905,664	14.38%		
December 31, 2014	\$	252,319	\$	(252,319)	\$	-	\$ 1,812,810	13.92%		
December 31, 2013	\$	210,019	\$	(210,019)	\$	N	\$ 1,683,999	12.47%		

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

NOTE 1—BUDGET TO ACTUAL RECONCILIATION

Amounts recorded as budgetary amounts in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund (Schedule 1) are reported on the basis budgeted by the Town. Those amounts differ from those reported in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Exhibit D). Property tax budgetary revenues are recognized when levied rather than when susceptible to accrual. Budgetary expenditures were adjusted for encumbrances. Budgetary revenues and expenditures were adjusted for non-budgetary revenues and expenditures and budgetary transfers as follows:

	Revenues	Expenditures	
	and Other	and Other Financing	
	Financing		
	Sources	<u>Uses</u>	
Per Exhibit D	\$ 6,755,938	\$ 5,886,814	
Difference in property taxes meeting			
susceptible to accrual criteria	6,525		
Encumbrances - December 31, 2017		544,164	
Encumbrances - December 31, 2016		(434,464)	
Non-budgetary revenues and expenditures	(3,156)	(260,577)	
Budgetary transfers	347,161	694,450	
Per Schedule 1	<u>\$ 7,106,468</u>	\$ 6,430,387	

NOTE 2—BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES

The components of the budgetary fund balance for the General Fund are as follows:

Nonspendable: Prepaid expenses	\$	261
Restricted for:	-	
State of NH SB 38 - Highway Block Grant funding		141,063
K-9 Donations		14,935
Assigned for:		
Carryforward appropriations		58,883
Unassigned:		
Unassigned - General operations		5,069,401
	\$	5,284,543

NOTE 3— SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS

In accordance with GASB Statement #68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, the Town is required to disclose historical information for each of the prior ten years within a schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of Town contributions.

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) December 31, 2017

The Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement #68 during the year ended December 31, 2015. Accordingly, the historic information has only been presented for those years which information was readily available. Additional disclosures will be made in future years as the information becomes available.

NOTE 4—CHANGES OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2016, the New Hampshire Retirement System's actuarial valuation included changes in the valuation and economic assumptions used in previous measurement periods. The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.25%. The price inflation was decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The wage inflation was decreased from 3.75% to 3.25%. The salary increases were decreased from 5.8% to 5.6%. In addition, the expectation of retired life mortality was previously based on the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with Scale AA. Amounts reported in the June 30, 2016 measurement period are based on the RP-2014 employee generational mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

SCHEDULE A TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds December 31, 2017

ACCETTO	Total Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Permanent <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	A A A A A A A A B	ф 4.coo	ф 2 <i>4.</i> 71 <i>E</i>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,033	\$ 4,682	\$ 34,715
Investments	2 900	77,826	77,826 3,800
Taxes receivable, net	3,800 133,542		133,542
Accounts receivable, net Due from other governments	6,000		6,000
Due from other funds	849,925		849,925
Total Assets	1,023,300	82,508	1,105,808
1 Otal Assets	1,023,500	62,500	1,105,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,023,300	\$ 82,508	\$ 1,105,808
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 11,709		\$ 11,709
Accrued expenses	28,193		28,193
Total Liabilities	39,902	\$	39,902
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	-	**
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable		44,201	44,201
Restricted	15,682	38,307	53,989
Committed	943,749		943,749
Assigned	23,967		23,967
Total Fund Balances	983,398	82,508	1,065,906
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,023,300</u>	\$ 82,508	<u>\$ 1,105,808</u>

SCHEDULE A-1
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2017

Total Special Revenue Funds	\$ 30,033 3,800 133,542 6,000	849,925	\$ 1,023,300	\$ 11,709 28,193 39,902	1	15,682 943,749 23,967	983,398	\$ 1,023,300
Ambulance <u>Fund</u>	\$ 30,033 130,842 6.000	537,414	\$ 704,289	\$ 11,624 28,193 39,817		664,472	664,472	\$ 704,289
Grants <u>Fund</u>		\$ 7,591	\$ 7,591	· ·	1	165,7	7,591	\$ 7,591
Conservation Commission Fund	\$ 3,800	243,938 247,738	\$ 247,738			247,738	247,738	\$ 247,738
Police Grants <u>Fund</u>		\$ 7,849 7,849	\$ 7,849	69	()	7,849	7,849	\$ 7,849
Town Clock <u>Fund</u>		\$ 95	\$ 95	,	\$.	ő	8	\$ 95
Christmas Donations <u>Fund</u>		\$ 242	\$ 242	, S		242	242	\$ 242
Police Details <u>Fund</u>	\$ 2,700	28,839	\$ 31,539	, ,		31,539	31,539	\$ 31,539
Recreation <u>Fund</u>		\$ 23,957	\$ 23,957	\$ 85	1		23,872	\$ 23,957
	Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable, net Accounts receivable, net	Due from other funds Total Assets	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Outflows of Resources Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenses Total Liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	FUND BALANCES Restricted Committed	Assigned Total Fund Balances	lotal Liabluties, Deferred milows of resources and Fund Balances

SCHEDULE B
TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Road		
	Total	Improvements		
	Special	Capital		Total
	Revenue	Projects	Permanent	Nonmajor
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 13,500			\$ 13,500
Intergovernmental revenue	192,599			192,599
Charges for services	552,836			552,836
Interest and investment income	33	\$ 350	\$ 2,784	3,167
Miscellaneous	22,790			22,790
Total Revenues	781,758	350	2,784	784,892
Expenditures:				
Current operations:				
Public safety	928,949			928,949
Health and welfare	3,500			3,500
Culture and recreation	44,875			44,875
Capital outlay		1,275	<u> </u>	1,275
Total Expenditures	977,324	1,275	*******	978,599
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(195,566)	(925)	2,784	(193,707)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	226,632			226,632
Transfers out		(36,330)		(36,330)
Total other financing sources (uses)	226,632	(36,330)		190,302
Net change in fund balances	31,066	(37,255)	2,784	(3,405)
Fund balances at beginning of year	952,332	37,255	<u>79,724</u>	1,069,311
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 983,398</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 82,508	\$ 1,065,906

SCHEDULE B -1

TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - All Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Total Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	\$ 13,500 192,599 552,836 33	22,790 781,758	928,949 3,500	977,324	(195,566)	226,632	31,066	952,332	\$ 983,398
Ambulance <u>Fund</u>	\$ 190,739 459,207 33	13,815	876,573	876,573	(212,779)	226,632	13,853	620,619	\$ 664,472
Grants <u>Fund</u>		ا دم			1		1	7,591	\$ 7,591
Conservation Commission <u>Fund</u>	\$ 13,500	13,500		1	13,500	1	13,500	234,238	\$ 247,738
Police Grants		69	1,190	1,190	(1,190)	E CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO	(1,190)	9,039	\$ 7,849
Town Clock Fund		₩		1		t l	•	95	\$ 95
Christmas Donations <u>Fund</u>		\$ 1,725	3,500	3,500	(1,775)	1	(1,775)	2,017	\$ 242
Police Details <u>Fund</u>	\$ 1,860 52,913	720 55,493	51,186	51,186	4,307	4	4,307	27,232	\$ 31,539
Recreation <u>Fund</u>	\$ 40,716	6,530		44,875	2,371		2,371	21,501	\$ 23,872
	Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services	Interest and investment income Miscellaneous Total Revenues	Expenditures: Current operations: Public safety Health and welfare	Culture and recreation Total Expenditures	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources: Transfers in Total other financing sources	Net change in fund balances	Fund balances at beginning of year	Fund balances at end of year

SCHEDULE C TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NEW HAMPSHIRE Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - All Agency Funds December 31, 2017

Total Liabilities

ASSETS	School Agency <u>Fund</u>	Performance Bond Agency <u>Fund</u>	Total Agency <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Total Assets	\$ 1,015,574 988,126 \$ 2,003,700	\$ 35,769 \$ 35,769	\$ 1,051,343 988,126 \$ 2,039,469
LIABILITIES Deposits Due to other governments	\$ 2,003,700	\$ 35,769	\$ 35,769 2,003,700

\$ 2,003,700

\$ 35,769

\$ 2,039,469



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire (the "Town") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Selectmen, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vachon Cluba, & Company PC Manchester, New Hampshire

October 31, 2018



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

October 31, 2018

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire for the year ended December 31, 2017, we considered the Town's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we became aware of a matter that is an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding this matter. We previously reported on the Town's internal control structure in our report dated October 31, 2018. This letter does not affect that report or our report on the basic financial statements dated October 31, 2018.

We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various Town personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

The purpose of this letter is to provide constructive and meaningful recommendations to you.

Sincerely,

Vachon Clukay & Company PC

Vachon Olikay & Company PC

CREDIT CARD DISBURSEMENTS

Observation

As part of every audit engagement, our firm examines credit card purchases for proper documentation and propriety of expenditures. We noted that purchase receipts for credit card charges applicable to the library are not being consistently retained for documentation.

Implication

The controls over library expenditures are weakened. Improper expenditures may be made using the Town's credit card which may go undetected without adequate controls.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Library Trustees adopt a formal credit card policy. We also recommend that the library director be instructed to attach the detailed purchase to monthly credit card statements. The supporting documentation should indicate what was purchased and that the purchase was approved by the proper officials.



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

608 Chestnut Street • Manchester, New Hampshire 03104 (603) 622-7070 • Fax: (603) 622-1452 • www.vachonclukay.com

October 31, 2018

To the Board of Selectmen Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire for the year ended December 31, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 2, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements of the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and major Proprietary Funds were:

Management's estimates of the useful lives of capital assets are based upon historical records of utilization, necessary improvements and replacements. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciable useful lives of capital assets in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Significant estimates also include actuarial assumptions used in determining pension and other post-employment benefits costs which are based on plan audited financial statements and a plan actuarial valuation report, respectively. We evaluated the

assumptions used in the plan audited financial statements and the plan actuarial valuation report to determine that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements of the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, General Fund, Sewer Fund and the aggregate remaining information was:

Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible receivables is based on the likelihood of the Town to collect monies owed to it. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate for uncollectible receivables in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedules summarize uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements. Please see the attached schedule of material adjustments detected and corrected as a result of audit procedures.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 31, 2018.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits, schedule of changes in the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of Town contributions, and the notes to the required supplementary information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining nonmajor fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Selectmen and management of the Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Vachon Clukay & Company PC

Town of Pembroke, New Hampshire For the year ended 12/31/17 Material Audit Adjustments

The following is a listing of the Material Audit Adjustments made for the year ended 12/31/17:

TIF District Fund:

- To restore the beginning fund balance by \$119,121
- To reduce retainage payable and expenditures by \$115,121.

Sewer Fund:

- To restore the beginning net position figure by \$601,996.
- To record the addition of capital assets in the amount of \$443,278.
- To record current year depreciation on capital assets in the amount of \$130,485.
- To adjust the deferred outflows of resources and net pension liability at year end by \$39,410 and \$129,573, respectively.
- To adjust for the drawdowns on the State Revolving Loan of \$554,963 and report as a liability.

Aggregate Remaining Information:

- To increase the investment balance of the school agency funds in the amount of \$492,598.
- To restore the beginning fund balance in the Ambulance Fund by \$30,000.
- To restore the beginning fund balance in the Road Capital Projects Fund by \$80,864.
- To record a transfer out of \$80,864 in the Road Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund.

GCX-23: AUDIT DIFFERENCE EVALUATION FORM

Balance Sheet Date: December 31, 2017

Town of Pembroke	Government-Wide Statements:
Sovernmental Unit.	Opinion Unit

Financial Statements Effect—Amount of Over (Under) Statement of:

səsuədx <u>ə</u>	(5,567)							(5,567)		(5,567)	12,697	7,130	6,385,095	0.11%
Revenues		, in the second						ŧ		1		ı	7,913,818	%00'0
Net Position			V-A sessiva Will a m.					ŧ		•		•	17,853,107	0.00%
Assets and Liabilities and Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources	(5,567)							(2,567)		(5,567)		(5,567)	15,628,218	-0.04%
Total Assets and 1 Deferred Outflows of Resources								,		,			33,481,325	%00.0
Description (Nature) of Audit Difference	Unrecorded accrued payrol	A CANADA PARA PARA PARA PARA PARA PARA PARA P	List Andrews and Control of the Cont		A LAND TO SERVICE AND THE SERV		Total from cont. page(s)	Total	Less Audit adjustments subsequently booked	Net unadjusted audit differences—this year	Effect of unadjusted audit differences—prior years	Net audit differences	Financial statement caption totals	Net audit differences as % of F/S captions

GCX-23: AUDIT DIFFERENCE EVALUATION FORM

Balance Sheet Date: December 31, 2017

Town of Pembroke	The second secon
Governmental Unit:	_}

Government-Wide Opinion Unit. Statements: Businesstype activities Financial Statements Effect—Amount of Over (Under) Statement of:

Revenues Expenses	(3,130)		(3,368)						. (6,498)		(6,498)	10,458		1,927,976 1,690,292	0.00% 0.23%
Net Position R											•		-	6,118,181	%00.0
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	(3,130)		(3,368)						(6,498)		(6.498)		(6.498)	1 421 305	-0.46%
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources									4		,		I .	7 539 486	0.00%
Description (Nature) of Audit Difference	Unrecorded compensated absences	tu t	Unrecorded accrued payroll	The state of the s	Charge and the state of the sta	The state of the s		Total from cont noop(s)	Total	l ess Audit adiustments subsequently booked	Not madinated and differencesthis year	Team of unadjusted addit differences— who your	Mot and differences	Net addit directions	Net audit differences as % of F/S captions

	Town of Pembroke	
L	Governmental Unit:	

Balance Sheet Date: December 31, 2017

Opinion Unit: General Fund

.

Financial Statements Effect-Amount of Over (Under) Statement of:

		Expenditures	(5,567)						(2,567)		(5,567)	5,788	221	5,886,814	0.00%
		Revenues							ı		•		•	6,755,938	0.00%
	Fund	Balance				:			ı		1		1	7,063,704	%00.0
Total Liabilities and	Deferred Inflows of	Resources	(5,567)		-				(5,567)		(5.567)		(5,567)	8,637,455	-0.06%
Total Assets and L		Resources							•		1		ı	15,701,159	%00.0
		Description (Nature) of Audit Difference	Unrecorded accrued payroll applicable to the				And the second s	Total from cont. page(s)	Total	Less Audit adjustments subsequently booked	Net unadjusted audit differences—this year	Effect of unadjusted audit differences—prior years	Net audit differences	Financial statement caption totals	Net audit differences as % of F/S captions

GCX-23: AUDIT DIFFERENCE EVALUATION FORM

The state of the s
Sewer - Major Proprietary Fund

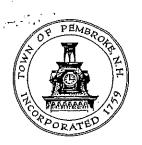
Financial Statements Effect—Amount of Over (Under) Statement of:

GCX-23: AUDIT DIFFERENCE EVALUATION FORM

ecember 31, 2017		
Balance Sheet Date: December 31, 2017		
Governmental Unit Town of Pembroke	Aggregate remaining information	
Governmental Unit	Opinion Unit:	

Financial Statements Effect—Amount of Over (Under) Statement of:

6,909 1,014,929 0.68% 6,909 Expenditures 0.00% 1,011,524 Revenues %00.0 1,065,906 Balance Fund 39,902 Assets and Liabilities and Inflows of Resources Deferred Total 0.00% 1,105,808 Outflows of Resources Deferred Total Effect of unadjusted audit differences—prior years Description (Nature) of Audit Difference Less Audit adjustments subsequently booked Net unadjusted audit differences—this year Financial statement caption totals Net audit differences as % of F/S captions fotal from cont. page(s) Net audit differences none for 2017 Total



TOWN OF PEMBROKE

Town Hall - 311 Pembroke Street, Pembroke, New Hampshire 03275

Tel: 603-485-4747

Procedures for Changing a Class VI Road to a Class V Road As Part of a Subdivision or Site Plan Approval

This procedure is intended to provide an applicant for subdivision or site plan approval, the Planning Board, and the Board of Selectmen with a uniform procedure when a request to reclassify a class VI road as class V is presented to the Board of Selectmen and the Planning Board for the purpose of providing access to a proposed development. This procedure is not intended to limit the factors either Board may deem relevant to the review of such a request.

The adoption of this procedure or an applicant's compliance with its requirements does not guarantee the approval of a Planning Board application or the layout of a road by the Board of Selectmen. Similarly, approval of the request by one Board does not obligate the other to approve the request.

The following procedures are to be taken in the chronological order provided:

1. Planning Board

The applicant applies to the Planning Board for "Design Review" for the proposed Site Plan/Subdivision, as provided in RSA 676:4, II (b). The submission requirements for Design Review are outlined in the Subdivision and Site Plan Review Regulations.

After the Design Review meeting with the Planning Board, the Planning Director will provide a memo to the Applicant outlining any concerns, issues, questions, or comments the Planning Board raised at the meeting that should be addressed by the Applicant. The Planning Director will forward a copy of the memo to the Board of Selectmen, Roads Committee, Conservation Commission, Police Department, Fire Department, and Town Engineer for their information.

2. Board of Selectmen

The Applicant petitions the Board of Selectmen to lay out a class V road over the existing class VI road pursuant to RSA 231:8 and RSA 231:28. (If approved, the layout will have the effect of reclassifying the road as class V).

The application must include the following information:

- 1) Names and addresses of landowners, including those owners listed under RSA 231:10 (tenants for life or years, remaindermen, reversioners, and holders of undischarged mortgages of record whose mortgages are dated not earlier than 20 years prior to the date of filing the petition) who abut the section of the class VI road to be upgraded, names and addresses of the owners of property that is accessed by the class VI road and proof of a title search of those properties abutting the portion of Class VI road to be upgraded;
- 2) Fees for abutter notification, newspaper public hearing notification, Town legal review of material, and engineering review of material;¹
- 3) Plans (10 large copies, 30 small copies, and 1 small copy for each abutter) prepared by a licensed engineer, surveyor, and/or wetlands scientist showing:
 - a. Location of the property and abutting properties,
 - b. Location of wetlands, steep slopes, waterbodies, conservation land, and stonewalls along and abutting the property and class VI road,
 - c. Layout and design of the road that meets the requirements of §205-41, Appendix B, and Appendix C of the Subdivision Regulations;
- 4) Drainage study and calculations (2 copies) regarding the class VI road;
- 5) Copies of any legal agreements with abutting landowners if additional ROW is required for the design of the road to Town standards, if applicable;
- 6) Explanation of why there is an "occasion" to layout the class V road;
- 7) Other material that is relevant to the proposal; and
- 8) The selectmen may require additional information upon review of the application.

Upon receipt of the application, the Board of Selectmen will send the material to the Fire Department, Police Department, Conservation Commission, Roads Committee, Town Counsel, and the Town Engineer for review and comment. These entities will have 30 days from the date of receipt in which to provide written comment back to the Board of Selectmen of their issues, concerns, and/or comments. Providing this information does not preclude any of the Boards, Commissions, or Departments from further participation before either Board.

Within 60 days of receiving the layout petition, the Board of Selectmen shall hold a public hearing. Notice will be provided to all owners of property abutting or served by the class VI road at least thirty (30) days prior to the public hearing pursuant to RSA 231:10.

As part of the public hearing, a site walk of the proposed layout will be conducted. At the public hearing, the Applicant shall present details of the proposed construction, reconstruction or repairs, and provide information as to the estimated costs unless all such costs are to be borne by the Applicant.

¹ Fee amounts for Board of Selectmen process are based on the adopted Planning Board fees

Within 60 days after the scheduled public hearing the Board of Selectmen shall make a determination as to whether to grant the petition subject to conditions of approval or deny the petition. All approvals shall be subject to the following conditions, in addition to any others imposed by the Board of Selectmen:

- 1) The town shall not incur any costs associated with upgrading the road to class V construction standards.
- 2) The layout shall not become final until:
 - (a) the Director of Public Works or his agent has determined that the road has been designed to the town's class V road construction standards,
 - (b) the subdivision/site plan plat has been signed by the planning board and recorded at the Merrimack County Registry of Deeds, and
 - (c) following a public hearing, the Board of Selectmen determine all conditions of approval have been met.
- 3) The Applicant shall be liable for all attorney's fees, costs and damages for which the Town may become liable to third parties as a result of the layout.

A written copy of the Board of Selectmen's decision will be provided to the applicant and the Planning Board.

3. Planning Board

The Applicant files the application for Site Plan or Subdivision Review with the Planning Board, in accordance with the Planning Board's regulations and schedules. The application must include the Board of Selectmen's decision approving the layout, including the approved layout configuration.

The Planning Board will follow their adopted rules, regulations, and procedures for Site Plan/Subdivision applications and either approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application. Any conditions imposed by the Board of Selectmen as a requirement of the layout shall be included in the Conditions for Planning Board approval.

4. Board of Selectmen

The applicant shall provide the Board of Selectmen with acceptable evidence that the conditions of the Board of Selectmen's approval of the application to layout the class V road have been met. The Board of Selectmen shall hold a public hearing prior to determining whether the conditions have been met.

Within 20 days of determining to grant the application and lay out a class V road over a class VI road, the Board of Selectmen shall file a return of layout with the Town Clerk pursuant to RSA 231:16.

TITLE XX TRANSPORTATION

CHAPTER 231 CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGE DISTRICT HIGHWAYS

Laying Out Highways

Section 231:8

231:8 Petition. – Selectmen of a town, upon petition, may lay out any new class IV highway not financed in whole or in part with federal aid highway funds, and class V or VI highway or alter any such existing highway within their town for which there shall be occasion.

Source. RS 49:1. CS 52:1. GS 61:1. GL 67:1. PS 67:2. 1921, 31:1. PL 74:2. RL 90:2. 1945, 188:1, part 5:1. RSA 234:1. 1967, 157:3. 1981, 87:1, eff. April 20, 1981.

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TITLE XX TRANSPORTATION

CHAPTER 231 CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGE DISTRICT HIGHWAYS

Laying Out Highways

Section 231:28

231:28 Conditional Layout for Existing Private Rights-of-Way or Class VI Highways. -Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the selectmen receive a petition to lay out roads over existing private rights-of-way or to lay out a class V highway over an existing class VI highway and such private right-of-way or class VI highway does not conform to construction standards and requirements currently in effect in the town, the selectmen may conditionally lay out roads upon compliance with betterment assessments as provided in this section and in RSA 231:29-33. Prior to commencement of conditional layout, however, a public hearing shall be held, written notice of which shall be given by the appropriate governing board to all owners of property abutting or served by the private right-of-way or class VI highway, at least 14 days before the hearing, at which hearing details of the proposed construction, reconstruction or repairs, and the estimated costs thereof shall be presented by the selectmen. Conditional layout proceedings may commence 10 days following the public hearing unless within that period a petition not to conditionally lay out said thoroughfare signed by a majority of the owners of property abutting or served by the existing private right-of-way or class VI highway is received by the selectmen. If a highway is so laid out, the selectmen may construct, reconstruct, repair or cause to be constructed, reconstructed or repaired such highways, streets, roads, or traveled ways to conform in every way with the highway or street construction standards and regulations previously established by the town. The betterment assessments shall be assessed under the provisions of RSA 231:29.

Source. RSA 234:23-a. 1979, 166:1. 1981, 87:1. 1989, 134:1, eff. July 16, 1989.

TITLE LXIV PLANNING AND ZONING

CHAPTER 676 ADMINISTRATIVE AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES

Planning Board

Section 676:4

676:4 Board's Procedures on Plats. -

I. The procedures to be followed by the planning board when considering or acting upon a plat or application submitted to it for approval under this title shall be as set forth in the board's subdivision regulations, subject to the following requirements:

(a) An application for approval filed with the planning board under this title, other than an application for subdivision approval, shall be subject to the minimum requirements set forth in this section and shall be governed by the procedures set forth in the subdivision regulations, unless the planning board

by regulation specifies other procedures for that type of application.

(b) The planning board shall specify by regulation what constitutes a completed application sufficient to invoke jurisdiction to obtain approval. A completed application means that sufficient information is included or submitted to allow the board to proceed with consideration and to make an informed decision. A completed application sufficient to invoke jurisdiction of the board shall be submitted to and accepted by the board only at a public meeting of the board, with notice as provided in subparagraph (d). An application shall not be considered incomplete solely because it is dependent upon the submission of an application to or the issuance of permits or approvals from other state or federal governmental bodies; however, the planning board may condition approval upon the receipt of such permits or approvals in accordance with subparagraph (i). The applicant shall file the application with the board or its agent at least 21 days prior to the meeting at which the application will be accepted. The application shall include the names and addresses of the applicant, all holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions as defined in RSA 477:45, and all abutters as indicated in the town records for incorporated towns or county records for unincorporated towns or unorganized places not more than 5 days before the day of filing. Abutters shall also be identified on any plat submitted to the board. The application shall also include the name and business address of every engineer, architect, land surveyor, or soil scientist whose professional seal appears on any plat submitted to the board.

(c)(1) The board shall, at the next regular meeting or within 30 days following the delivery of the application, for which notice can be given in accordance with the requirements of subparagraph (b), determine if a submitted application is complete according to the board's regulation and shall vote upon its acceptance. Upon determination by the board that a submitted application is incomplete according to the board's regulations, the board shall notify the applicant of the determination in accordance with RSA 676:3, which shall describe the information, procedure, or other requirement necessary for the application to be complete. Upon determination by the board that a submitted application is complete according to the board's regulations, the board shall begin formal consideration and shall act to approve, conditionally approve as provided in subparagraph (i), or disapprove within 65 days, subject to extension or waiver as provided in subparagraph (f). Upon



failure of the board to approve, conditionally approve, or disapprove the application, the selectmen or city council shall, upon request of the applicant, immediately issue an order directing the board to act on the application within 30 days. If the planning board does not act on the application within that 30-day time period, then within 40 days of the issuance of the order, the selectmen or city council shall certify on the applicant's application that the plat is approved pursuant to this paragraph, unless within those 40 days the selectmen or city council has identified in writing some specific subdivision regulation or zoning or other ordinance provision with which the application does not comply. Such a certification, citing this paragraph, shall constitute final approval for all purposes including filing and recording under RSA 674:37 and 676:18, and court review under RSA 677:15.

- (2) Failure of the selectmen or city council to issue an order to the planning board under subparagraph (1), or to certify approval of the plat upon the planning board's failure to comply with the order, shall constitute grounds for the superior court, upon petition of the applicant, to issue an order approving the application if the court determines that the proposal complies with existing subdivision regulations and zoning or other ordinances. If the court determines that the failure of the selectmen or the city council to act was not justified, the court may order the municipality to pay the applicant's reasonable costs, including attorney's fees, incurred in securing such order.
- (d)(1) Notice to the applicant, holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions, abutters, and the public shall be given as follows: The planning board shall notify the abutters, the applicant, holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions, and every engineer, architect, land surveyor, or soil scientist whose professional seal appears on any plat submitted to the board by verified mail, as defined in RSA 451-C:1, VII, of the date upon which the application will be formally submitted to the board. Notice shall be mailed at least 10 days prior to submission. Notice to the general public shall also be given at the same time by posting or publication as required by the subdivision regulations. The notice shall include a general description of the proposal which is the subject of the application and shall identify the applicant and the location of the proposal. For any public hearing on the application, the same notice as required for notice of submission of the application shall be given. If notice of public hearing has been included in the notice of submission or any prior notice, additional notice of that hearing is not required nor shall additional notice be required of an adjourned session of a hearing with proper notice if the date, time, and place of the adjourned session was made known at the prior hearing. All costs of notice, whether mailed, posted, or published, shall be paid in advance by the applicant. Failure to pay such costs shall constitute valid grounds for the planning board to terminate further consideration and to disapprove the plat without a public hearing.
- (2) For those proposals in which any structure or proposed building site will be within 500 feet of the top of the bank of any lake, pond, river, or stream, the planning board shall also notify the department of environmental services by first class mail at the same time that notice is provided to abutters, cost to be paid in advance by the applicant consistent with subparagraph (d)(1). The sole purpose of notification to the department shall be to provide information to the department for dam hazard classification. This requirement shall not confer upon the department the status of an abutter. Failure by the municipality to notify the department shall not be considered a defect of notice.
- (e) Except as provided in this section, no application may be denied or approved without a public hearing on the application. At the hearing, any applicant, abutter, holder of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restriction, or any person with a direct interest in the matter may testify in person or in writing. Other persons may testify as permitted by the subdivision regulations or the board at each hearing. Public hearings shall not be required, unless specified by the subdivision regulations, when the board is considering or acting upon:
- (1) Minor lot line adjustments or boundary agreements which do not create buildable lots, except that notice to abutters and holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions shall be given prior to approval of the application in accordance with subparagraph (d) and any

abutter or holder of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions may be heard on the application upon request; or

- (2) Disapprovals of applications based upon failure of the applicant to supply information required by the regulations, including identification of abutters or holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions; or failure to meet reasonable deadlines established by the board; or failure to pay costs of notice or other fees required by the board.
- (f) The planning board may apply to the selectmen or city council for an extension not to exceed an additional 90 days before acting to approve or disapprove an application. The applicant may waive the requirement for planning board action within the time periods specified in subparagraph (c) and consent to such extension as may be mutually agreeable.
- (g) Reasonable fees in addition to fees for notice under subparagraph (d) may be imposed by the board to cover its administrative expenses and costs of special investigative studies, review of documents and other matters which may be required by particular applications.
- (h) In case of disapproval of any application submitted to the planning board, the ground for such disapproval shall be adequately stated upon the records of the planning board.
- (i) A planning board may grant conditional approval of a plat or application, which approval shall become final without further public hearing, upon certification to the board by its designee or based upon evidence submitted by the applicant of satisfactory compliance with the conditions imposed. Such conditions may include a statement notifying the applicant that an approval is conditioned upon the receipt of state or federal permits relating to a project, however, a planning board may not refuse to process an application solely for lack of said permits. Final approval of a plat or application may occur in the foregoing manner only when the conditions are:
- (1) Minor plan changes whether or not imposed by the board as a result of a public hearing, compliance with which is administrative and which does not involve discretionary judgment; or
- (2) Conditions which are in themselves administrative and which involve no discretionary judgment on the part of the board; or
- (3) Conditions with regard to the applicant's possession of permits and approvals granted by other boards or agencies or approvals granted by other boards or agencies, including state and federal permits.
- All conditions not specified within this subparagraph as minor, administrative, or relating to issuance of other approvals shall require a hearing, and notice as provided in subparagraph I(d), except that additional notice shall not be required of an adjourned session of a hearing with proper notice if the date, time, and place of the adjourned session were made known at the prior hearing.
- II. A planning board may provide for preliminary review of applications and plats by specific regulations subject to the following:
- (a) Preliminary conceptual consultation phase. The regulations shall define the limits of preliminary conceptual consultation which shall be directed at review of the basic concept of the proposal and suggestions which might be of assistance in resolving problems with meeting requirements during final consideration. Such consultation shall not bind either the applicant or the board and statements made by planning board members shall not be the basis for disqualifying said members or invalidating any action taken. The board and the applicant may discuss proposals in conceptual form only and in general terms such as desirability of types of development and proposals under the master plan. Such discussion may occur without the necessity of giving formal public notice as required under subparagraph I(d), but such discussions may occur only at formal meetings of the board.
- (b) Design review phase. The board or its designee may engage in nonbinding discussions with the applicant beyond conceptual and general discussions which involve more specific design and engineering details; provided, however, that the design review phase may proceed only after identification of and notice to abutters, holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions, and the general public as required by subparagraph I(d). The board may

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opportunity for notice and participation.

establish reasonable rules of procedure relating to the design review process, including submission requirements. At a public meeting, the board may determine that the design review process of an application has ended and shall inform the applicant in writing within 10 days of such determination. Statements made by planning board members shall not be the basis for disqualifying said members or invalidating any action taken.

(c) Preliminary review shall be separate and apart from formal consideration under paragraph I, and the time limits for acting under subparagraph I(c) shall not apply until formal application is submitted

under subparagraph I(b).

III. A planning board may, by adopting regulations, provide for an expedited review and approval for proposals involving minor subdivisions which create not more than 3 lots for building development purposes or for proposals which do not involve creation of lots for building development purposes. Such expedited review may allow submission and approval at one or more board meetings, but no application may be approved without the full notice to the abutters, holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions, and public required under subparagraph I(d). A hearing, with notice as provided in subparagraph I(d), shall be held if requested by the applicant, abutters, or holders of conservation, preservation, or agricultural preservation restrictions any time prior to approval or disapproval or if the planning board determines to hold a hearing.

IV. Jurisdiction of the courts to review procedural aspects of planning board decisions and actions shall be limited to consideration of compliance with applicable provisions of the constitution, statutes and regulations. The procedural requirements specified in this section are intended to provide fair and reasonable treatment for all parties and persons. The planning board's procedures shall not be subjected to strict scrutiny for technical compliance. Procedural defects shall result in the reversal of a planning board's actions by judicial action only when such defects create serious impairment of

Source. 1983, 447:1. 1985, 159:1. 1986, 57:1, 2; 229:1, 2. 1989, 266:30. 1990, 275:1. 1995, 117:1, 2. 1997, 142:1-4; 249:1. 1998, 274:1. 2004, 71:6. 2005, 33:3, 4. 2008, 229:2. 2009, 31:2, 3. 2010, 39:1, 2. 2011, 164:1, 2. 2013, 270:2, eff. Sept. 22, 2013. 2016, 81:1, eff. July 18, 2016. 2017, 59:3, eff. Aug. 1, 2017.

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NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT TO THE TRANSPORTATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Town of <u>PEMBROKE</u>, a member of the Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission entitled to full voting privileges, hereby notifies the Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission that we have appointed the following Town Representative to the Transportation Advisory Committee:

PRIMARY	ALTERNATE
Name Carolyn Cronin	Name
Mailing Address 311 Pembroke St.	Mailing Address
City, State, Zip Pembroke, NH 03275	City, State, Zip
Telephone Number (603) 485-4747 x.210	Telephone Number
Email Address CCronin@pembroke-nh.com	Email Address
Chairman, Board of Selectmen	Date

Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission

28 Commercial Street & Concord, NH 03301



RECEIVED

October 12, 2018

Board of Selectmen Town of Pembroke 311 Pembroke Street Pembroke, NH 03275 OCT 152018 TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NH

RE: CNHRPC Long Range Transportation Plan & State of New Hampshire FY 2021-2030 Ten Year Transportation Improvement Plan Update

Dear Members of the Board of Selectmen:

CNHRPC is announcing the start of the biennial update of the NHDOT Ten Year Transportation Improvement Plan (TYP) to cover Fiscal Years 2021-2030 and the CNHRPC Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) Update

Every two years, the Planning Commission requests feedback from local officials to nominate new projects or reaffirm their support for already programmed transportation projects to be considered for inclusion in the State of New Hampshire's Ten Year Transportation Improvement Program (TYP). The State's TYP has been evaluated and revised in a two-year planning cycle since the early 1990's in compliance with federal guidelines. Regional priorities for transportation improvements are compiled by each of New Hampshire's nine Regional Planning Commissions for consideration by the NH Department of Transportation (NHDOT) and the Governor and Executive Council to prepare the Statewide TYP.

In order for the State's TYP to reflect local and regional priorities across the State of New Hampshire, it is important that communities participate in the entire process. CNHRPC is now soliciting proposals for new, regionally significant projects for potential inclusion in the CNHRPC Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) and for projects that your community would like submitted for inclusion in the State's 2021-2030 TYP. We are also asking communities to let us know if there is a project in the current TYP (FY 2019-2028) that could be advanced, delayed or revised. CNHRPC, with input from the CNHRPC Transportation Advisory Committee, will provide NHDOT and the Governor's Advisory Commission on Intermodal Transportation (GACIT) with the region's transportation project priorities as well as any recommended changes to existing TYP projects.

Please complete the attached Project Proposal Form if your community would like to submit a new project for consideration. CNHRPC staff is committed to working with each of our member communities to advance projects in the region. Even if a potential project does not meet the criteria for state and federal funding, please submit a summary proposal for a project(s) that we can then use to assist our member communities in planning for future improvements outside of the TYP update process.

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Please return your Project Proposal Forms no later than 5:00 p.m. Friday, November 30th, 2018.

If you have any questions about this process or would like assistance in completing the Project Proposal Form, we would be happy to meet with you or you may contact me at 603-226-6020 or dwilliams@cnhrpc.org or contact Michael Tardiff, CNHRPC Executive Director.

Sincerely,

Dean Williams

Transportation Planner

Enclosures

cc: Planning Board

Kathy Cruson, CNHRPC Commissioner

·		

Central NH Regional Planning Commission - FY 2021- FY2030 Ten Year Transportation Improvement Plan Project Proposal Form

Contact Person
Name:
Address:
Phone:
From/To:
City/Town:
ription of Proposal Location
oposal, and the appropriateness of any proposed solutions in and objectives.
•
eed)? For example crash history, turning movement counts,
s will be addressed by the proposed project (Goals and

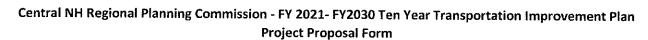
Central NH Regional Planning Commission - FY 2021- FY2030 Ten Year Transportation Improvement Plan Project Proposal Form

Describe the project proposal and identified scope of work
What alternatives to the proposal described above have been considered?
Describe the extent of public outreach and involvement efforts to date and anticipated future efforts for the proposal.
Is the proposal identified as a priority in a local or regional plan (e.g. local master plan, local bicycle/pedestrian plan, corridor
study, etc). If yes, provide a link to the pertinent section of the plan(s).

Central NH Regional Planning Commission - FY 2021- FY2030 Ten Year Transportation Improvement Plan Project Proposal Form

Cost Estimate		Federa	ıl	St	tate	L	ocal	Priva	te/Other	Te	otal
	Engineering:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
	Right-of-Way:		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Construction:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Structures:	\$	-	\$	**	\$	_	\$	**	\$	-
	Capital:	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
	Operating	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Total:	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	**	\$	-

at is the source of the above cost estimate?	
(Charles of attacked)	
porting Evidence and Documentation (Check if attached) Corridor Study (Attach excerpt)	
Local Transportation Study/Plan (attach excerpt)	
Regional Planning Study/Plan (attach excerpt)	
Crash Reports	
Turning Movment/Traffic Volume Data	
Special Studies (Road Safety Audit, Warrant Analysis, etc.)	
Ridership Estimates	
Safe Routes To School Travel Plan	
Guic Routes 10 bolloot (1876) 7 and	
Jane Houtes to soliton that are the	
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ach a detailed map showing the proposal location and surroundin tential impacts within or adjacent to the proposed project area. □ Park/Recreation areas □ Scenic/historic/cultural resources	□ Water resources, aquifers, wetlands□ Flood zones□ Wildlife habitats□ Commuter sheds
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ach a detailed map showing the proposal location and surroundin tential impacts within or adjacent to the proposed project area. □ Park/Recreation areas □ Scenic/historic/cultural resources □ Bike lanes/sidewalks/crosswalks □ Recreational/multi-use trails □ Transit service/public transportation routes □ Park and Ride facilities	☐ Water resources, aquifers, wetlands ☐ Flood zones ☐ Wildlife habitats ☐ Commuter sheds ☐ Freight corridors ☐ Low income, minority, elderly housing ☐ Retail/tourism destinations ☐ Employment centers
ach a detailed map showing the proposal location and surroundintential impacts within or adjacent to the proposed project area. Park/Recreation areas Scenic/historic/cultural resources Bike lanes/sidewalks/crosswalks Recreational/multi-use trails Transit service/public transportation routes Park and Ride facilities Culverts/bridges	☐ Water resources, aquifers, wetlands ☐ Flood zones ☐ Wildlife habitats ☐ Commuter sheds ☐ Freight corridors ☐ Low income, minority, elderly housing ☐ Retail/tourism destinations



Attach Detail Map of proposal vicinity. (CNHRPC to assist)	

BOARD OF SELECTMEN TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NH NOVEMBER 7, 2018 at 6:30 PM

DRAFT

Present: Chairperson Tina Courtemanche, Selectman Ann Bond, Selectman Michael Crockwell

Excused: Selectmen Vincent Greco, Selectmen Sandy Goulet

Staff: Town Administrator David Jodoin, Recording Secretary Jillian McNeil

I. Call to Order:

Chairman Tina Courtemanche called the meeting to order at 6:30pm.

II. Citizen Comment:

None

III. Scheduled Meetings:

Carol Granfield of Municipal Resources, Inc. presented the Pay and Classification Study. The study reviewed 48 town positions and conducted a market salary and benefit analysis by comparing the positions to similar positions in 12 New Hampshire communities that are comparable to the Town of Pembroke. The Pay Plan lists grades from level 5 to 24 with a pay range of 45% between the minimum and maximum. The study found that 30 positions warrant a reclassification to a new grade level and two employees are recommended to have salaries increased to bring their positions to the minimum salary of the new grade. The total costs to implement the changes in this study equals \$1,872. The study shows that overall, the Town has an excellent competitive benefit package. It is recommended to review this budget information every three years to remain competitive. The pay study is posted to the Town website.

David Jodoin explained that the current FY 2019 budget has the recommendations from the pay study built into it. This mainly effects the Police Department, Department of Public Works, and a few long-term employees. The new health and dental rates are built into the budget as well as cost of living adjustments.

Selectman Bond suggested factoring in a new Tax Collector into future budgets. Selectman Courtemanche stated we also will need to start looking into factoring in a new Finance Director as well.

Selectman Bond suggested possibly changing the health insurance plan from a \$5 copay with 10/20/45 prescriptions to a \$20 copay with 10/25/40 for prescriptions.

The Selectmen discussed possibly offering multiple plans to Town employees. Selectman Crockwell stated that he is abstaining from offering opinions on the matter because it does affect him as a Town employee. There was not a quorum of the board so no votes on the matter could be taken. Selectman Courtemanche requested that the matter be added to Budget Committee agenda.

Police Chief Dwayne Gilman made a statement that he appreciates the Selectmen doing the pay study and taking a serious look at the salaries and wages of the Pembroke Police Department.

Selectman Crockwell made a motion to approve the proposed 2019 budget as presented in the amount \$9,941,708. Selectman Bond seconded the motion. Motion passed 3-0

David Jodoin stated that a few numbers are slated to change in the proposed budget. This includes the tonnage for trash, water and sewer budgets, and a few smaller items. There will not be a drastic change to what is presented.

IV. Old Business:

The Street Light conversion has a December 3, 2018 start date and will take 2-3 weeks. David Jodoin spoke with Eversource and the grant the Town received will be \$11-13,000.

Dana Carlucci submitted an email with concerns with the street light conversion project for the Suncook Downtown Redevelopment Project. The Conversion will not affect the ornamental downtown street lights. Some of the street lights downtown will be removed but there will not be any removed in the business district.

V. New Business

Selectman Bond moved to approve the Manifest/Abatements. Selectman Crockwell seconded the motion. Motion passed 3-0.

Selectman Crockwell moved to approve the minutes of October 15, 2018 as presented. Selectman Bond seconded the motion. Motion passed 3-0.

VI. Town Administrator Report:

David Jodoin spoke with Steve Creed at Associated Grocers about the delivery trucks usage of the Rt. 3. They have agreed to put up two signs at the end of their driveway directing the traffic to use Kline Way when leaving the facility. Selectman Crockwell suggested adding arrows on top of the barriers at the bottom of Kline Way indicating that the road does continue.

David Jodoin presented the Selectmen with an agreement to accept an anonymous gift of \$25,000 for litigation against The Northern Pass. The agreement states that the Town can never inquire about who the donor is and it is to be split equally with any other Towns that Mitchel Municipal Group (MMG) represents in the appeal. Selectman Bond made a motion to accept the anonymous donation of \$25,000. Selectman Crockwell seconded the motion. Motion passed 3-0

The next meeting will be November 19, 2018

VII. Committee Reports:

Selectman Bond – Next Budget Committee meeting is November 15, 2018.

Selectman Crockwell – Next Conservation Committee meeting will be November 12, 2018

VIII. Other/Citizen Comment:

None

IX. Non-Public Session

Motion by Selectmen Crockwell to enter non public session in accordance with RSA 91-A:3 II (a) The dismissal, promotion, or compensation of any public employee or the disciplining of such employee, or the investigation of any charges against him or her, unless the employee affected (1) has a right to a meeting and (2) requests that the meeting be open, in which case the request shall be granted at 7:30 PM. Seconded by Selectmen Bond.

Roll Call Vote:

Selectmen Bond Yes Selectmen Crockwell Yes Chairman Courtemanche Yes

The Board came out of Non public session at 7:44 PM

X. Adjourn:

Motion by Selectmen Crockwell to adjourn at 7:44 PM, seconded by Selectmen Bond. Motion passed.

Justine M.	Courtemanche,	Chairman	

For more detailed information, the meetings are now taped and can be seen on www.townhallstreams.com click on Pembroke NH and look for the day of the meeting under the month.

P.O. Box 432, New Boston, NH 03070

(603) 413-6650

Memorandum

To: David Jodoin, Town of Pembroke

From: Mike Vignale, KVPartners

Date: November 12, 2018

Re: Weekly Construction Meeting - Roadway Improvement Project

Ce: Attendees, Jim Boisvert

A weekly construction meeting was held at the site (Beacon Hill Road) on November 6, 2018. In attendance were Reno Nadeau (DPW), Brent Edmunds, John Barnes (Advanced), Paulette Malo (Roads Committee) and Mike Vignale. Following is a summary of the discussions:

- Crews are continuing to place gravel driveways, grading ditches, installing driveway culverts and loaming and seeding. Many of the driveways have been paved. John expects to be substantially complete in a couple weeks.
- Reno brought up a concern about a puddle on the roadway near the mailbox for 408 East View
 Road. After the meeting John, Brent and Mike checked the puddle and agreed it could be easily
 corrected when final paving is completed but that a shim is required now to prevent a puddle and
 icing during the winter.
- As previously noted, there are a couple of large boulders along the side of the road that need to be removed. These will be measured for ledge excavation payment.
- As previously noted, the owner of 342 Beacon Hill asked if the old pipe just downstream of his
 driveway could be removed to improve drainage flow in the swale. Mike V agreed to have the
 contractor do that work since it would improve flow and was within the Town's ROW. John agreed
 it could be done.
- As previously noted, John indicated that compaction testing was completed and acceptable, and he
 will send the results to Mike V (results have been received). Additional results will be submitted
 when ready.
- As previously noted, Jim B (through Brent) said that the property owner at 340 Beacon Hill Road wanted to know when the contractor was going to remove the boulder in front of her property. John said he didn't place one there but did need to move one slightly to complete the work. He said he

P.O. Box 432, New Boston, NH 03070

(603) 413-6650

would remove the boulder when he has an opportunity to do so.

- The trees at 332 Beacon Hill Road were discussed. Advanced planted a semi-dwarf Cortland apple tree in the same location as the existing tree and Mike V explained that the tree will be guaranteed for one year per the contract. We discussed if other trees were to be replaced beyond the apple trees since the property owner said that we (Brent) had committed to doing that. Brent indicated that he never made any such commitment and that the only tree removed was one that was dead (there is one dead tree in the project photos). Mike V will follow up with the property owner after he hears back form the landscape company.
- As previously noted, a culvert will be installed at the driveway at #310 Beacon Hill Road to allow
 ditch flow to pass. However, after checking grades we determined that a ditch and culvert would;
 not be appropriate at his location and the slopes and driveway will be graded accordingly.
- As previously noted, Reno expressed concerns about settlement near the basins at the low point on
 East View/East Meadow. John indicated that the depression is from a construction vehicle wheel
 and they will make repairs. Reno also added that there was a puddle at the top of East View near CB
 14 that needed to be corrected when final paving. John will take care of this when the paving crews
 are on the job for the driveways.
- As previously noted, the minor cleanup at the driveway at 411 East Meadow Lane still needs to be completed. The work included loaming and seeding and removal of some excess pavement pieces.
- As previously noted, Mike V agreed to place an ad in the Construction Summary and see if a buyer
 can be found for the unused castings. Will place the ad later in the year or early next year (after the
 fall construction push) when a buyer is more likely. Mike V asked John for backup on the proposed
 change order to justify the per unit costs.
- As previously noted, the pond will be modified to include a third opening in the outlet structure (lower than the two existing openings) with a perforated pipe that extends into the basin (length to be determined) and is surrounded with rock. Also, the outlet plunge pool will be filled in with some rock to minimize the depth of water at that location and sand in the basin will be removed once the site is fully stabilized and the pond outlet modified. John will do this when other parts of the project are completed.
- Next meeting will be held at 9:00 AM at Beacon Hill Road on Tuesday November 20th.

Town of Pembroke Roads Committee

8 Exchange Street, Pembroke, NH 03275

To:

Board of Selectmen

From:

Roads Committee

CC

David Jodoin

Date:

October 16, 2018

Re:

Union Street Parking

After discussing the concerns presented by residents of Union Street, the Roads Committee recommends that parking be allowed only on the sidewalk side of Union Street.

September 24, 2018

RECEIVED

SEP 28 2018 TOWN OF PEMBROKE, NH

Tina Courtemanche
Pembroke Board of Selectmen
Pembroke Town Hall
311 Pembroke Street
Pembroke, NH 03275

Dear Ms. Courtemanche:

This letter is to express our concerns with the large number of commercial trucks travelling on North Pembroke Road. The past year has seen a very large increase in the amount of commercial traffic, specifically 12, 14 and 18 wheel dump trucks, using North Pembroke Road as a thru road between Rt. 28 and Rt. 106. Many of the vehicles enter and exit the Pembroke Sand and Gravel facility at the north end of the road. Our concerns include the following:

1. Safety

- The road is not suited for large trucks due to narrow road width, steep hills and curves. There are many areas were line of sight is restricted. This presents a hazard as stopping a loaded truck requires a much larger distance than a car does.
- Although the Epsom and Pembroke Police Departments do a great job patrolling the road, they cannot always be present. Many of the trucks exceed the posted 30 mph limit. On the other hand, the loaded trucks cannot maintain speed on the many steep hills, sometimes slowing to 10 mph, which can also be a traffic hazard.
- North Pembroke road is mostly residential, and therefore people use the road for walking, running, and bicycling. Heavy commercial use of the road is potentially a disaster waiting to happen.
- North Pembroke Road is heavily wooded frequently crossed by domestic animals and it is not uncommon to also come across turkeys and deer.
- Due to the residential nature of the area, there are also many vehicles that stop on the road i.e. USPS rural mail delivery, FedEx, UPS and oil or other delivery vehicles.
- The rural nature of the road, with some potholes and loose or broken pavement can
 present a challenge when passing a truck as the trucks take up a large portion of the
 road, many times at or over the center line, causing passing cars to sometimes go off
 pavement to avoid a collision.

2. Environment

• North Pembroke Road is primarily located in a residential neighborhood. Thirty years ago, it was a quiet road, but until recently traffic was reasonable. A drastic change has taken place after Pembroke Sand and Gravel opened, and now at times it feels like we are living beside an industrial freeway. The weight and loud exhaust of the heavy trucks is accentuated by the noise of a truck engine

laboring to ascend hills; and engine brakes slowing the vehicles on descent. This has created a very non-residential feel to the neighborhood.

 Trucks are using the road seven days a week, sometimes as early as 5:30 am, and into the evening. Over the recent Labor Day weekend, trucks created noise and a safety concern to our young grandchildren playing in the yard and riding their bikes.

3. Financial

 The frequent passage of heavy trucks adds a price to the maintenance of the road. The road deterioration is very apparent. That type of frequent traffic will certainly hasten the need for significant road repairs including potholes, broken payement and loose asphalt.

A possible remedy to this concern is utilizing RSA231:190 and :191- which allows the town to establish and post maximum weight limits when needed to prevent "unreasonable damage or extraordinary municipal maintenance expense" on a Class IV, V or VI highway.

More importantly is the need to take whatever steps are necessary to eliminate this traffic safety hazard to the residents of Pembroke and Epsom who live along this current industrial highway.

Since this road travels through Epsom and Pembroke, we have sent a similar letter to the Epsom Board of Selectman.

Tuish Leverex

We appreciate your taking the time to read our concerns, and we look forward to hearing your thoughts on possible resolution to remedy this situation.

Sincerely,

Roger and Trish Leroux 119 North Pembroke Road

Epsom, NH 03234

Cc: David Jodoin, Town Administrator, Pembroke, NH

David Jodoin

From:

Paulette Malo <pembroke.nh-sewer@hotmail.com>

Sent:

Friday, October 12, 2018 2:35 PM

To:

David Jodoin

Subject:

Re: Roads

Yes, they did discuss this and the all agreed that with the bridge being taken out of service there will probably be more truck. Some of the trucks are from our own construction site. They don't think that weight limits need to be done at this time.

Paulette Malo, Operations Director Pembroke Sewer Commission 4 A Union Street, Pembroke, NH 03275 Phone: (603)485-8658, Fax: (603)485-2142 E-Mail: pembroke.nh-sewer@hotmail.com

From: David Jodoin <djodoin@pembroke-nh.com>

Sent: Friday, October 12, 2018 12:43 PM

To: Malo Paulette Subject: Roads

Did the Committee discuss the letter from the Epsom residents about placing weight loads on North Pembroke Road?

Thanks

David